# @toread and Cool: Subjective, Affective and Associative Factors in Tagging

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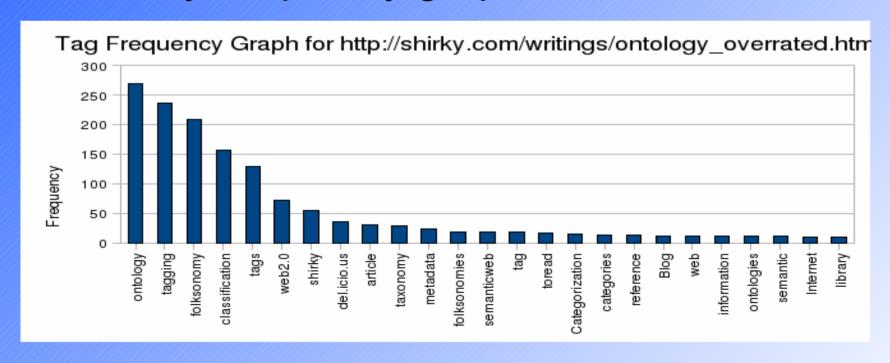
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CAIS/ACSI 2008

# Tagging as Collaborative Classification

- Tagging is increasingly examined as a form of collaborative classification
- Multiple studies have examined the consensus shown by frequency graphs



## Tagging as User Classification

- Suggested that users of tagging systems are creating a folksonomy or user based taxonomy (Shirky 2005; Hammond et al. 2005)
- Examination of consensus in tagging (Golder and Huberman 2006; Kipp and Campbell ASIST2006, etc.)
- Comparisons of tags and subject headings (Kipp CAIS2006, CAIS2007; Smith SIGCR2007)

# Tagging as Personal Information Management

- Frequent comparison (see Shirky 2005, Kipp and Campbell CAIS2006; Kipp IASummit2007, etc.)
- PIM: paper based and electronic studies
- Examine how users organise or arrange their personal/work documents for use
- Also examines differences between current and archival document organisation

### Personal Information Management

#### Paper based:

- Malone 1983 how users organise their desk
- Kwasnik 1991 taxonomy of user categories, mainly activities and tasks and projects
  - also see Bewley et al. 1987; Sellen and Harper 2002, Bowker and Star 1999

#### Electronic:

- Jones et al. 2005 Keeping Found Things Found -KO helps in breaking a topic down into tasks
- Mas and Hudon CAIS2007 user classification schemes

## **Tagging Characteristics**

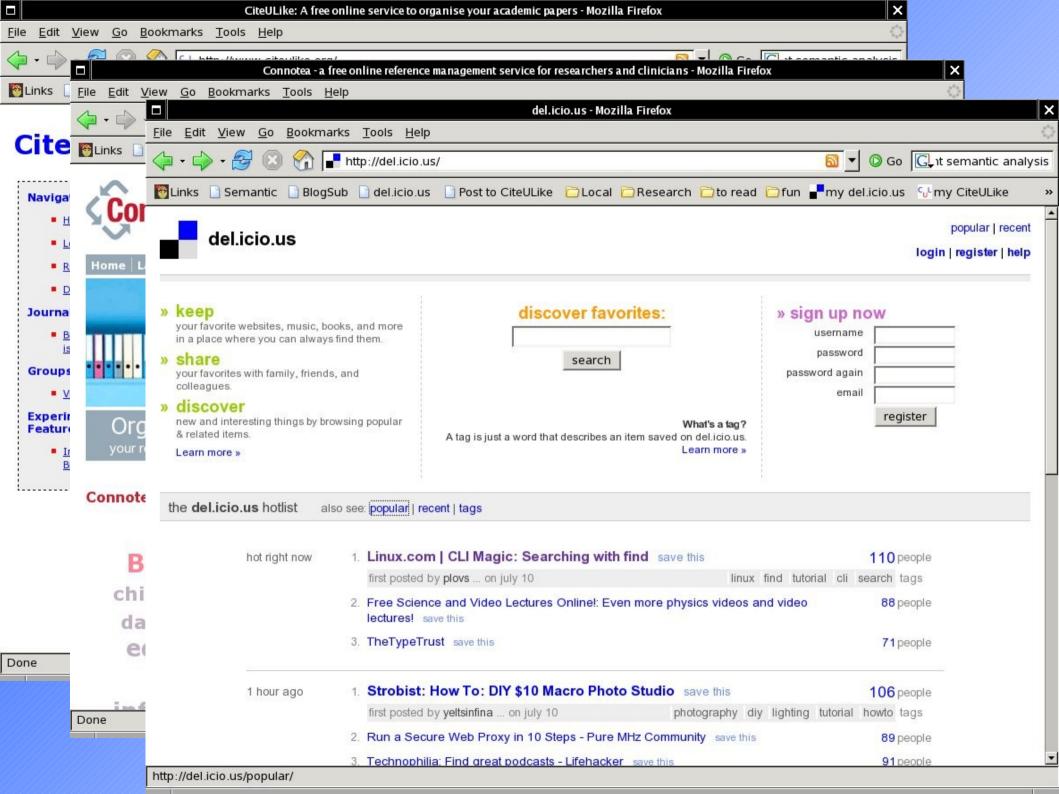
- majority of tags used are subject related or form related -- exactly like traditional classification (also geographic and date/time)
- In all studies, a minority of tags are not subject related:
  - e.g. toread, cool, fun, cais2007
- What is the apparent purpose of these tags?
- Are they only individual or is there any collective useful information here?

#### Research Questions

- What patterns of user tagging activity emerge on examination of affective or time and task related tags?
- How do users use time and task related tags or affective tags to indicate the value they see in a document?
- What implications do the use of affective or time and task related tags have for the organisation of information?

# Methodology

- Data source
  - Del.icio.us, Citeulike (www.citeulike.org), Connotea (www.connotea.org)
- Collection method:
  - Screen scraping (python)
- Data collected
  - all items tagged with a specific list of 83 affective, project and time and task related tags



# **Examples of Non Subject Tags**

- Affective Tags
  - cool
  - boring
  - exciting
  - important
  - funny
  - strange
  - favorite/favourite

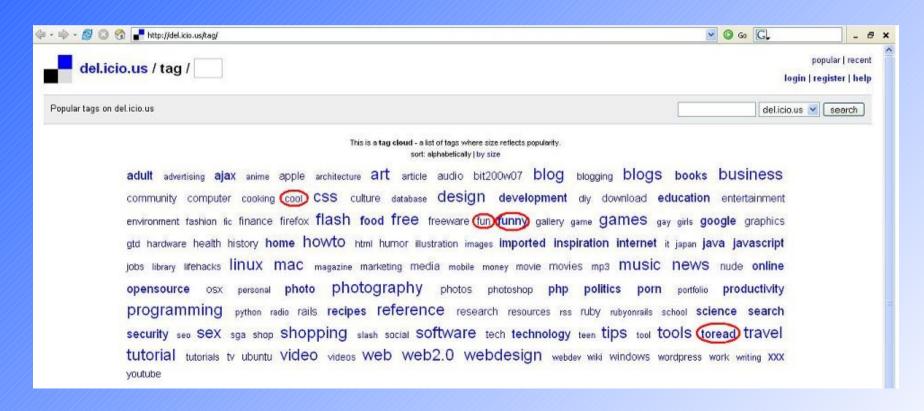
- Time and Task Tags
  - @toread
  - todo, toblog, tovisit
  - @pending
  - todescribe
- Project Tags
  - cais2007, asist2006
  - 519, lis501
  - week7, lecture-7

#### **Data Collected**

- all posts tagged with one of 78 specific tags
  - 48 tags were time and task related, 30 were affective tags (project tags were not collected due to the difficulty of locating these)
  - 78 tags were in English
  - 5 tags were in French (lire, alire, @lire, acheter, amusant)
    - non English tags do not yet appear frequently in the popular tag clouds of these sites
  - 203352 posts in total (1831 from CiteULike, 2891 from Connotea and 198630 from Del.icio.us)

#### **General Results**

- some time and task or affective tags are very popular
  - cool, fun, funny, toread in main del.icio.us tag cloud



#### **General Results 2**

ToRead and fun are popular tags on all three sites

- Top 5
  - Citeulike: fun, ToRead, todo, interesting, cool
  - Connotea: fun, ToRead, important, unread, funny
  - Del.icio.us: fun, ToRead, funny, cool, interesting

# Time and Task Tags

- many time and task related tags are variations on toread
  - @toread
  - @read
  - readlater
  - unread
- fewer variations for toread are found on citeulike and connotea
- citeulike offers a way to mark interest in reading an article

#### Time and Task 2

- is the toread tag useful to other users?
  - Amazon's recommendation system relies on purchase data and view data as an indicator of interest
  - Search engines use hyperlinks as indicators of interest
- could a toread tag have a similar function?
- could this function like a colleague's e-mail pointing to an article or book?

## **Affective Tags**

- affective tags represent an emotional reaction to an item
  - cool
  - fun
  - strange
- tags such as cool or fun do not appear to add anything to the subject classification of an item
- seem to be poor candidates for search terms for information retrieval... but they indicate interest

# Non Subject Tags with Subject Tags

- non subject tags were frequently used with subject related tags
- academic articles on citeulike and connotea were tagged with terms such as fun and cool
- fun was found most often with physics and math, toread with biology
- what do affective tags add to a tag list?

# Examples from Citeulike Database Dump

- 320112 ForensicsAge written in teeth by nuclear tests
  - 'carbon-dating', 'cool', 'forensics'
- 566928 Action as language in a shared visual space
  - '519', '519-week11', 'action', 'co-location', 'cscw', 'shared-space'
- 983570 Physics the google way
  - 'education', 'fun', 'google', 'physics', 'search', 'web'

#### Discussion

- non subject tags are intrinsically time-sensitive
- express response from user not subject of document
- suggest active engagement with the text
- show that user links perceived subject matter to:
  - specific task
  - specific set of interests
  - specific emotional reactions

#### Discussion 2

- use of time and task or affective tags shows that tagging expresses a dynamic relationship between users and documents, suggesting possible new ways of modelling information access
- research into personal information management systems show users classify by task and project as well was by subject

# Final Thoughts

- What is the effect of personal and subjective terms such as cool, fun and toread in a social bookmarking system?
- What happens when these terms are aggregated?
- Amazon and Google use personal information to generate popularity or relevance indicators, do non subject tags offer any similar advantages?

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Thank you!

Questions?