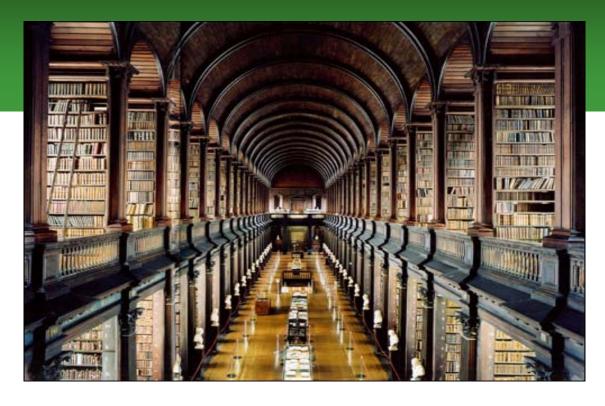


Online Catalogs: What Users and Librarians Want

Daniel Boivin
Director, OCLC Canada







What access point is the most often used by your library users?

a) Your library's Web portal
b) Your library's main entrance?

Agenda



- How are these studies conducted?
 - Usability studies at OCLC
- Online Catalogs: What Users and Librarians Want
- Comments / Questions



Use, User, and Usability Studies

A BRIEF OVERVIEW

User research methods we use



- •Usability Testing: 1:1 with a user completing a set of tasks
- •User Surveys: links or popups from our site
- •Focus Groups: discussion groups with customers or users
- •Contextual Interviews: 1:1 observations and interviews of users in their own environment
- •Card Sorts: 1:1 activity with a user to understand their mental model and information organization
- •Soon to come at OCLC...usability testing with eye tracking!



Online Catalogs:

What Users and Librarians Want

STUDY RESULTS

Polling -What Do You Think?



1. Our staff understand what our end users want from our catalog

- A True
- B False
- C Don't know



By pirate johnny

http://www.flickr.com/photos/piratejohnny/2798872422/

Polling -What Do You Think?



Our staff understand what our end users want from our catalog

• A - True 20%

• B - False 30%

• C - Don't know 30%



By pirate johnny

http://www.flickr.com/photos/piratejohnny/2798872422/

More Polling



2. My library's end users are satisfied with our online catalog

- A True
- B False
- C Don't know



By: sea turtle

http://www.flickr.com/photos/sea-turtle/3181321172/

More Polling



2. My library's end users are satisfied with our online catalog

• A - True 9%

• B - False 42%

C - Don't know 24%



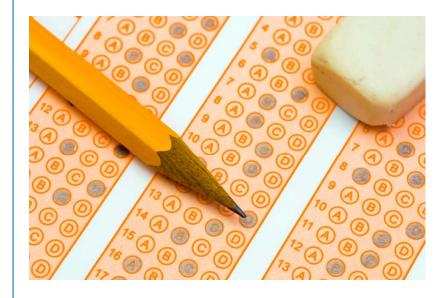
By: sea turtle

http://www.flickr.com/photos/sea-turtle/3181321172/



3. My library's cataloging practices and priorities reflect what end users want from our catalog

- A True
- B False
- C Don't know



More Polling

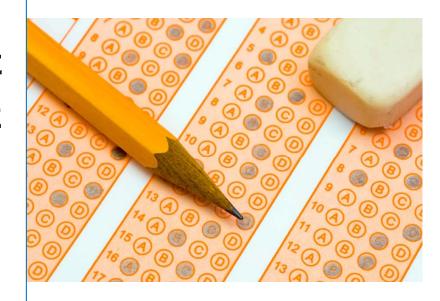


3. My library's cataloging practices and priorities reflect what end users want from our catalog

• A - True 24%

• B - False 15%

• C - Don't know 17%



Objectives of our metadata quality research



- Start over without assumptions about what "quality" is
- Identify and compare metadata expectations
 - End users
 - Librarians
- Compare expectations of types of librarians
- Define a new WorldCat quality program ...
- Taking into account the perspectives of all constituencies of WorldCat
 - End users (and subgroups of end users)
 - Librarians (and subgroups of librarians)

Assumptions and mindsets: What is "full"?



Bibliographic information

Australian library holdings



Bibliographic information

Library holdings Details Subjects Editions Reviews Product description and purchase information; 'More like this'

Editorial reviews and author info

'Inside the book' tags, ratings, customer reviews, lists and more



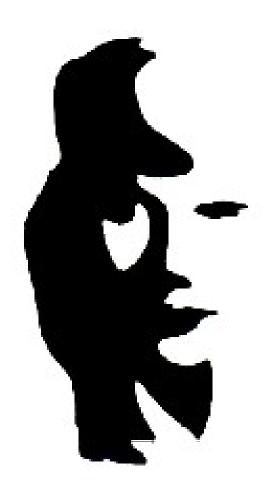
+ 3 more screens

With thanks to David Lankes:

http://quartz.syr.edu/rdlankes/Presentations/2007/ALCTS.pdf

The perception of "quality": The eye of the beholder





•Specialist's view:

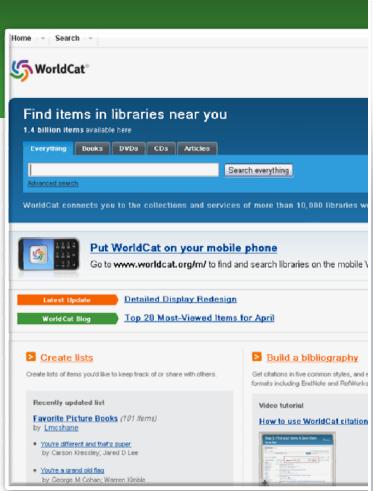
- Conformance to specifications (rules)
- Priorities: Fullness and detail

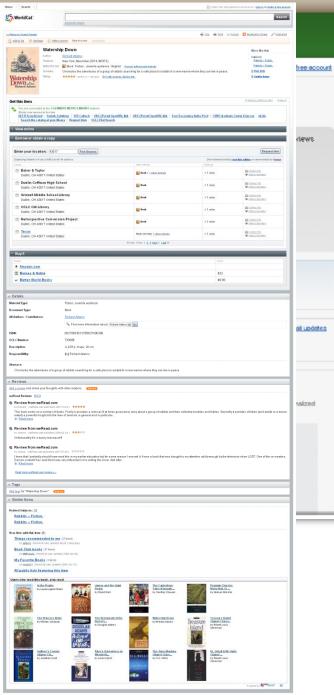
•Pragmatist's view:

- Make as many materials as possible available as quickly as possible
- Priorities: speed and efficiency

·End-user's view:

Easy and convenient







Languages Coutage (Caught | Caught | Ca

Research methodologies and demographics



- Focus groups
 - Conducted by Blue Bear, LLC
 - Three sessions: College students, general public, scholars
- Pop-up survey on WorldCat.org
 - Conducted by ForeSee Results
 - 11,000+ responses: Students (28%), educators (22%), business professionals (19%), other; mix of ages; 44% from outside U.S.
- Librarian survey
 - Conducted by Marketing Backup
 - 1,397 responses; North America (64%) and outside North America (36%); academic, public, special libraries; staff with roles in technical and public services, ILL, directors



Pop-up survey

- Live on WorldCat.org: May 12, 2008
- 11,000+ responses through July 10, 2008
- Evaluates the metadata most helpful in identifying a needed item



Who responded to the survey?

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• Students: 19%

Teacher/professor: 15%

Other general searchers: 34%

Librarians/other library staff: 32%

• End-user country:

• USA: 56%

• Canada: 4%

Mexico: 3%

United Kingdom: 3%

End-user language:

•English: 84%

•Spanish: 8%

•Other: 3%

•French: 2%

End-user age:

•18 & younger: 5%

•19-30: 24%

•31-40: 17%

•41-50: 20%

•51-60: 20%

•61+: 13%

Librarian survey



Current areas of responsibility

•	Acquisitions:	28%
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• Cataloging : 65%

Collection development or selection: 32%

Interlibrary loan: 25%

• Reference/public service: 46%

Library director/administration: 20%

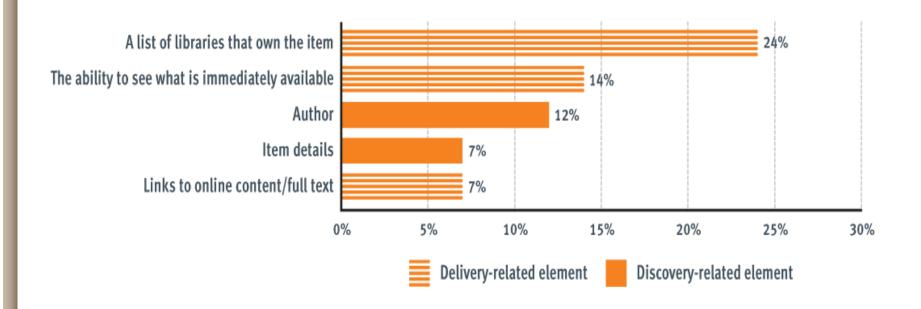
What did we learn?

Pop-up survey suggestions



What is most essential to help identify an item?

End users (n=7535)



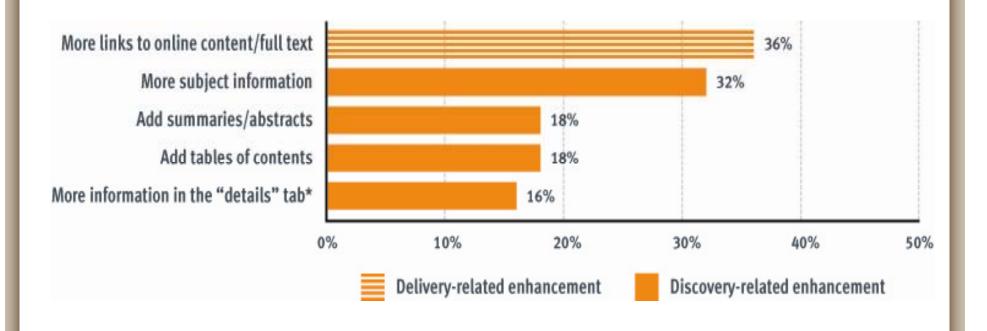
What did we learn?

Pop-up survey suggestions



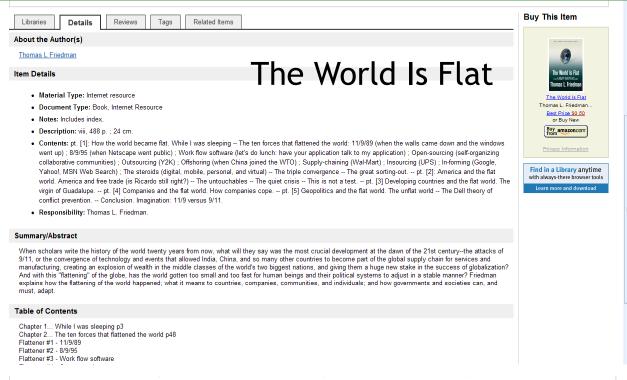
Changes to help <u>identify</u> an item?

End users (n=7535)



'Item details' in WorldCat.org

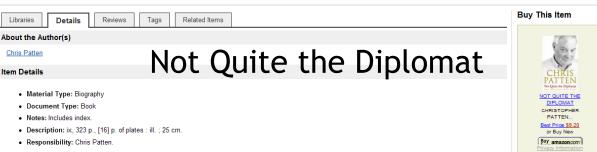


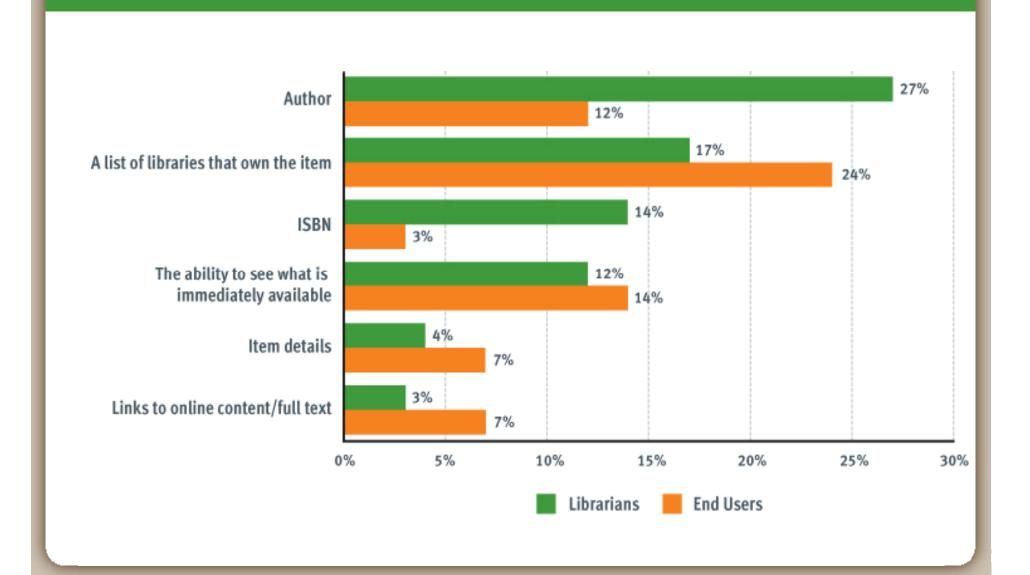


Lots of detail

Not much detail

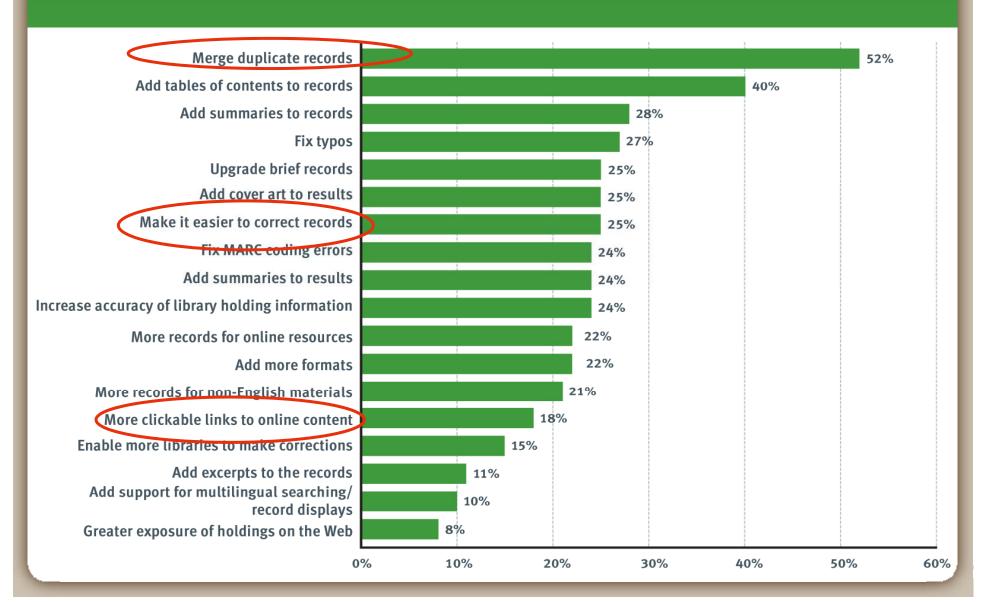
Find in a Library anytime





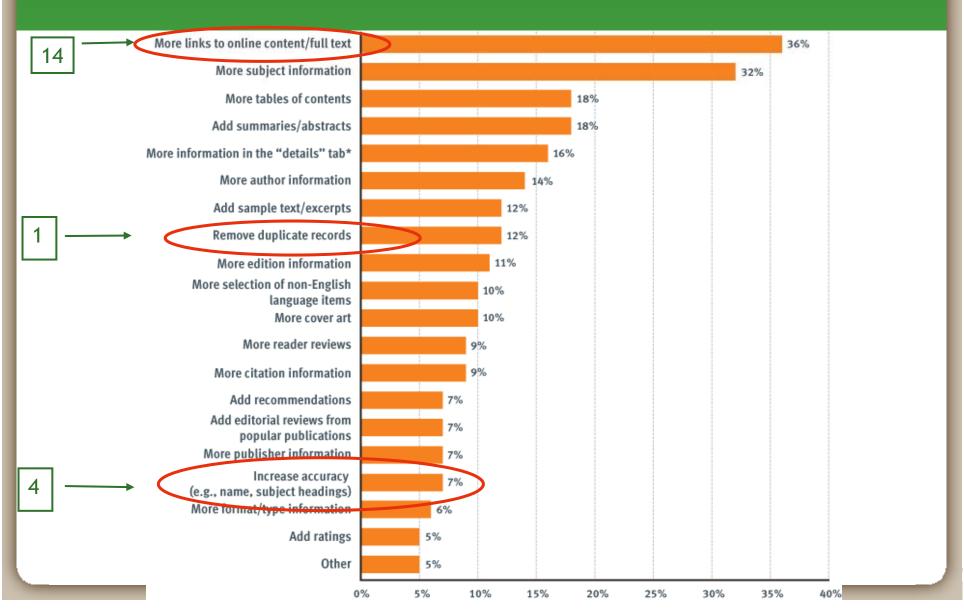
Top Five Data Quality Enhancements (librarians)









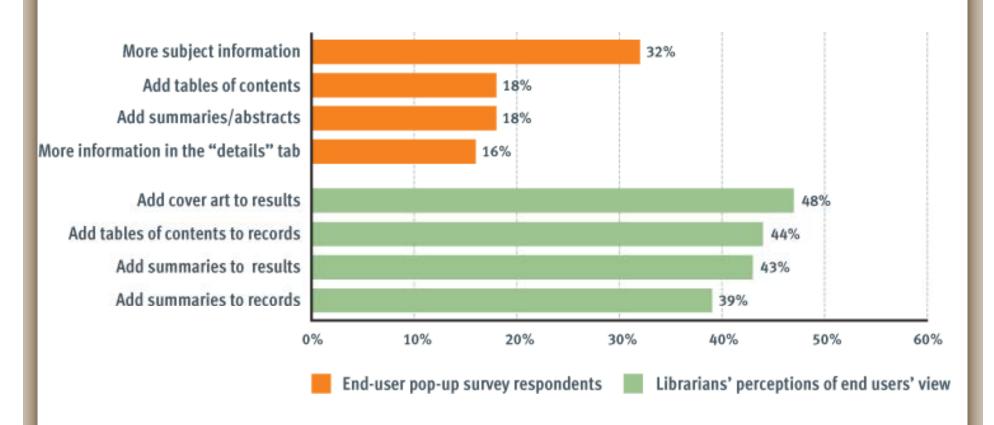


What did we learn?

Librarians' Perceptions of What End-Users Want



Recommended enhancements to WorldCat to improve retrieval

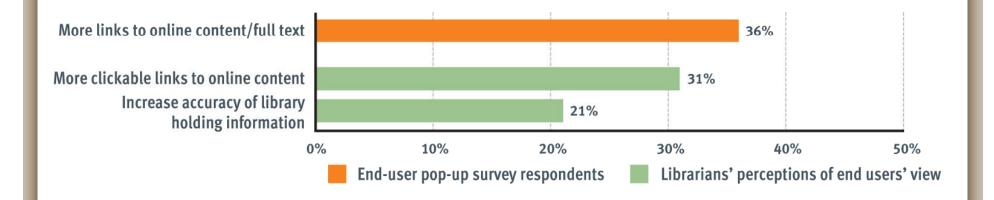


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Librarians' Perceptions of What End-Users Want

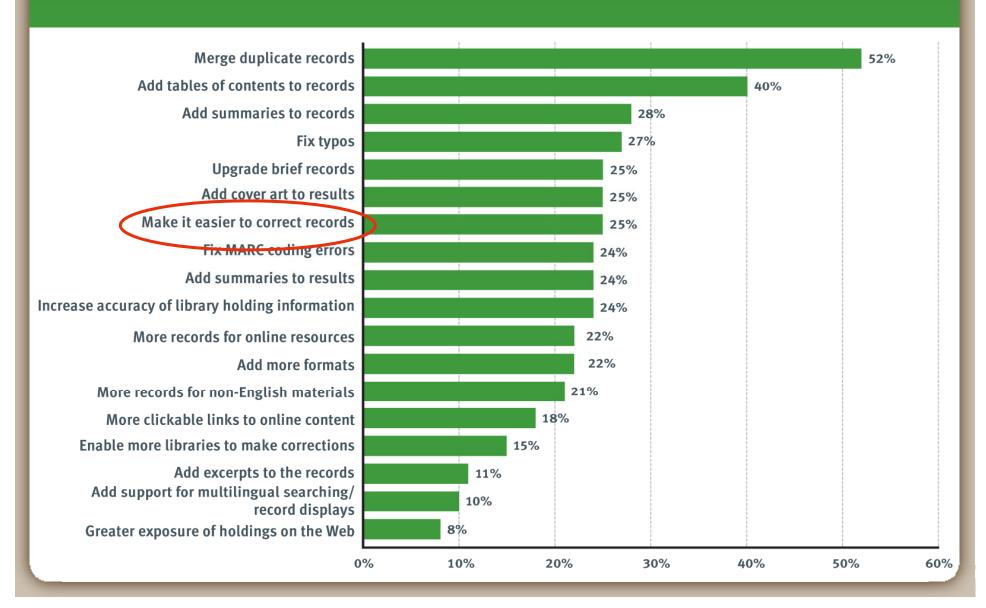


Recommended enhancements to WorldCat to improve delivery



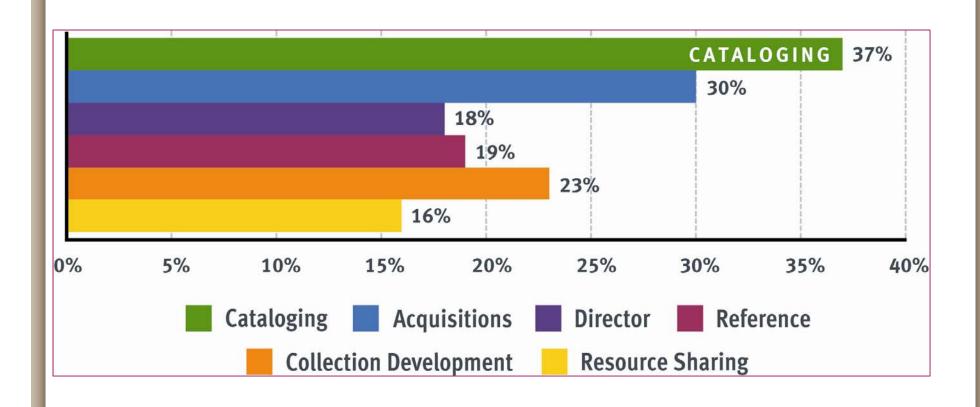
Top Five Data Quality Enhancements (librarians)





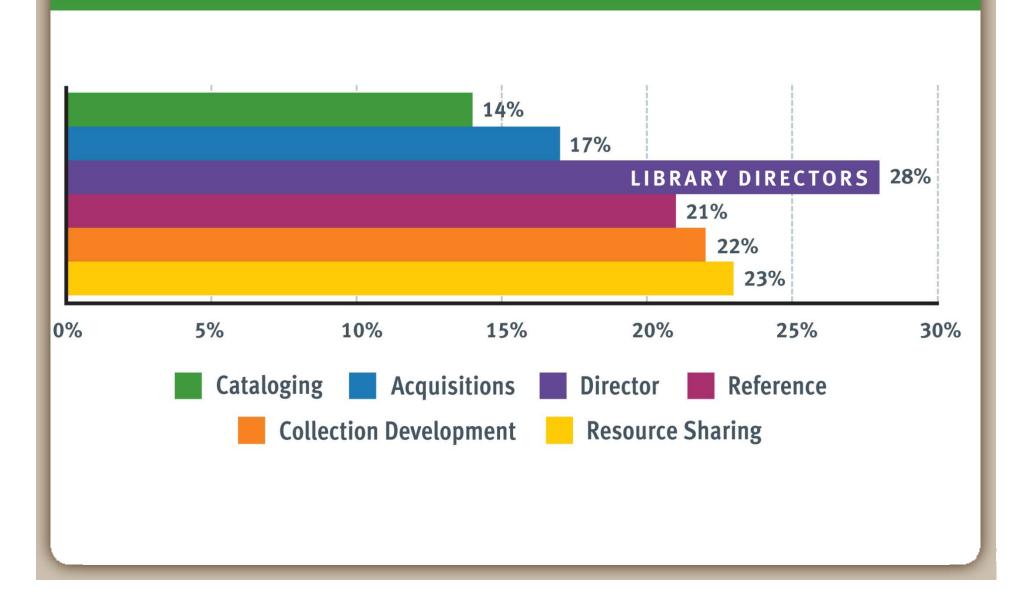


Upgrade brief records









What did we learn?

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End-user recommendations

 Delivery is as important, if not more important, than discovery.



- Seamless, easy flow from discovery through delivery is critical.
- Improve search relevance
- Add more links to online full text (and make linking easy)
- Add more summaries/abstracts: Make summaries more prominent
- Add more details in the search results (e.g., cover art and summaries)

What did we learn? End-user focus group results



"End users enter a few short search statements into online IR systems. Generally, their queries bear two to four words."—Karen Markey

 Twenty-five years of end user searching, Part 1: Research findings. 2007.

http://deepblue.lib.umich.edu/handle/2027.42/56093

- Other key findings of our study:
- Keyword searching is king,
 but ...
 - Advanced search (fielded searching) is useful
 - Faceted browse is useful
 - These help end users refine searches, navigate, browse, and manage large result sets

What did we learn? Recommendations from librarian survey

- Merge duplicates
- Make it easier to make corrections to records (fix typos; do upgrades); "social cataloging" experiment—Wikipedia
- More emphasis on accuracy/currency of library holdings
- Enrichment—TOCs, summaries, cover art work with content suppliers, use APIs, etc.
- More communication about what users say they want



Online Catalogs: What Users and Librarians Want



- End-Users expect online catalogs:
- to look like popular Web sites
- to have summaries, abstracts, tables of contents
- to help find needed information
- Librarians expect online catalogs:
- •to serve end users' information needs
- to help staff carry out work responsibilities
- •to have accurate, structured data
- to exhibit classical principles of organization

Online Catalogs: What Users and Librarians Want



An OCLC Report



The Task Before Us

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• "What is needed now is to integrate the best of both worlds in new, expanded definitions of what "quality" means in library online catalogs."—Online Catalogs report

 How can what technical services does better reflect what end users want?

Two Starting Points

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- 1. Paying attention to what's important about records
- 2. Aligning technical services priorities with end user priorities
 - E-resources, books, media, unique digital collections
 - Redesigning workflows



"Evidence-Based Cataloging"

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"[Catalogers] need to practice evidence-based cataloging. They need to catalog based on the evidence that they can find for the effectiveness of particular practices, and they need to judge their output according to this evidence."



Hilder, Philip and Tan, Kah-Ching. 2008. Constructing Record Quality Measures Based on Catalog Use. *Cataloging & Classification Quarterly* 46:4.



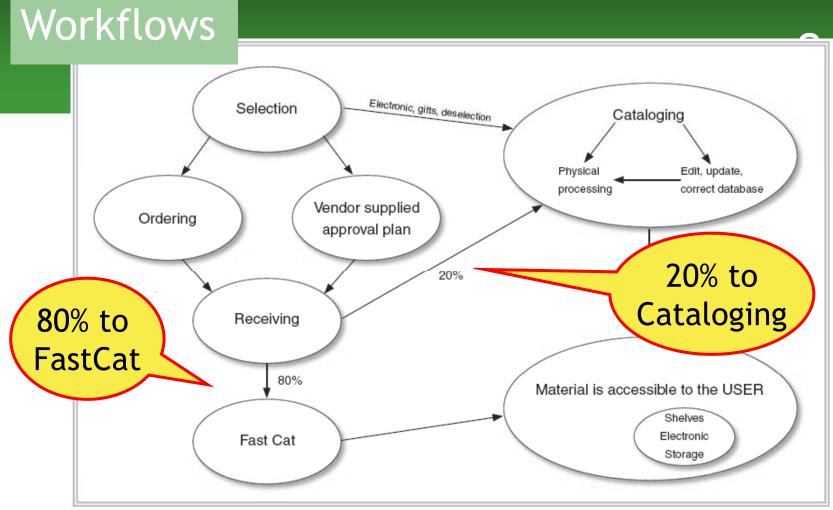


Fig. 1. Work Process Model

From: Andreadis, Debra K., et al. 2007. Cooperative Workflow Redesign in Library Technical Services at Denison University and Kenyon College. In: *Library Workflow Redesign: Six Case Studies*, ed. Marilyn Mitchell. Washington DC: CLIR.

http://www.clir.org/pubs/reports/pub139/pub139.pdf

Examples of What Other Technical Services Leaders and Librarians Have Done (1)



- Adopt evidence-based cataloging
 - Don't sweat the small stuff (and figure out what the "small stuff" is)
 - Let go of the perfect on behalf of the good
 - Accept that fast and convenient availability are essential aspects of quality
- Redeploy, re-skill, and refocus human efforts on (1) organizing the materials your end user communities use or want the most AND (2) what cannot be automated
 - E-resources
 - Media
 - Digital collections

Examples of What Other Technical Services Leaders and Librarians Have Done (2) - Workflow Redesign for Print

(A) OCLC™

- •Study your processes with workflow maps starting with selection and ending with access (for e-) or on the shelf
- Outsource or automate the ordinary (e.g., obtain MARC record sets for ejournals)

S

- Maximize use of approval plans and/or vendor or OCLC record supply services (e.g., WorldCat Cataloging Partners)
- Receive as much as possible shelf-ready (and spot check only)
- Do as much processing (FastCat) as possible in acquisitions; save copy and original catalogers for the work only they can do
- •Stop editing CIP copy; examine and adopt automated tools (e.g.,, OCLC Bibliographic Notification) to capture upgrades

- Stop special cuttering practices; close the shelflist card catalog
- Consolidate multiple tech services departments (where it makes sense to do so)
- •Reduce the number of times materials are handled, moved, searched
- Seek out and eliminate as many workflow "exceptions" as possible
- Seek out and eliminate routines or subprocesses that take time but don't add value
- •Get rid of multiple processes that accomplish the same thing
- •What else?

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Examples of What Other Technical Services Leaders and Librarians Have Done (3) - Not Doing It Alone



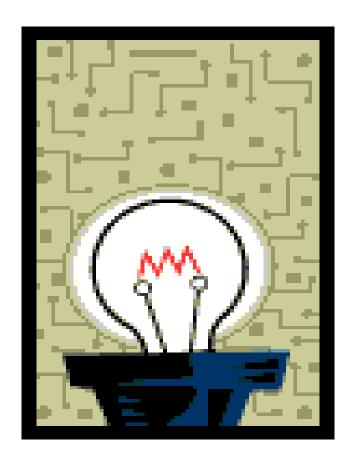
- Commit to and invest in collective action with
 - --other libraries and consortia
 - --other OCLC members
 - --like organizations (local museums, archives, historical societies, cultural organizations)
 - --vendors
 - --other metadata communities
 - --end users (your local communities)



Start Small, But Start

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- Realign our efforts to match:
 - · How collections are changing
 - How users are changing
 - · How the Web is changing
- We are staffed and trained for a print world this MUST change, evolve and grow!



Credits



Usability Information:

Christie Heitkamp OCLC Manager, User Experience & Information Architecture Team, WorldCat Local & WorldCat.org

With thanks to Arnold Arcolio, Mike Prasse, Joanne Cantrell, and WC Local Pilot Users

Online Data Study:

Karen Calhoun Vice President, WorldCat and Metadata Services

With thanks to Janet Hawk, Joanne Cantrell, Peggy Gallagher - OCLC Market Research

Online Catalogs: What Users and Librarians Want



An OCLC Report



http://www.oclc.org/us/en/reports/onlinecatalogs/default.htm

Comments / Questions?



