Open access in Latin America and the Caribbean (LAC)

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CLACSO – Social Sciences Latin American Council



UNESCO – Regional Latin America and the Caribbean Consultation on Open Access to Scientific Information and Research – Concept and Policies

UNESCO, Kingston, Jamaica, 5-8 March 2013

Open-access (OA) literature is digital, online, free of charge, and free of most copyright and licensing restrictions

Peter Suber

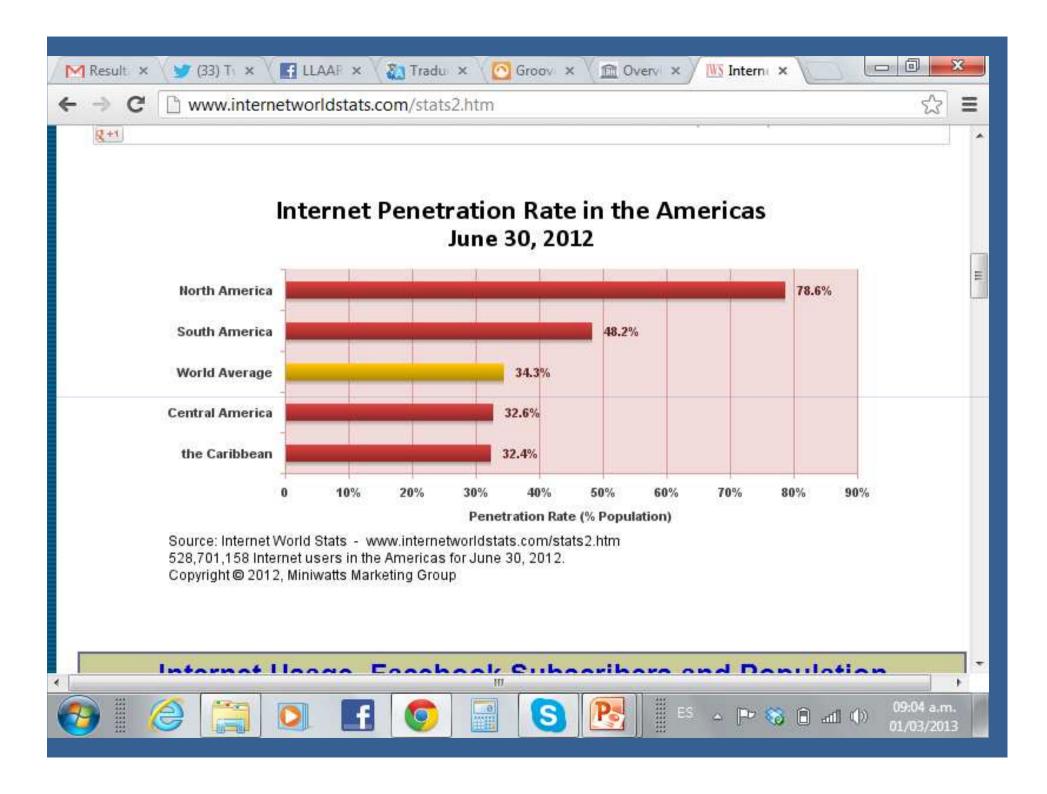
to advance research and allow new knowledge to be shared, developed and used for the future benefit of mankind (Barbara Kirsop)

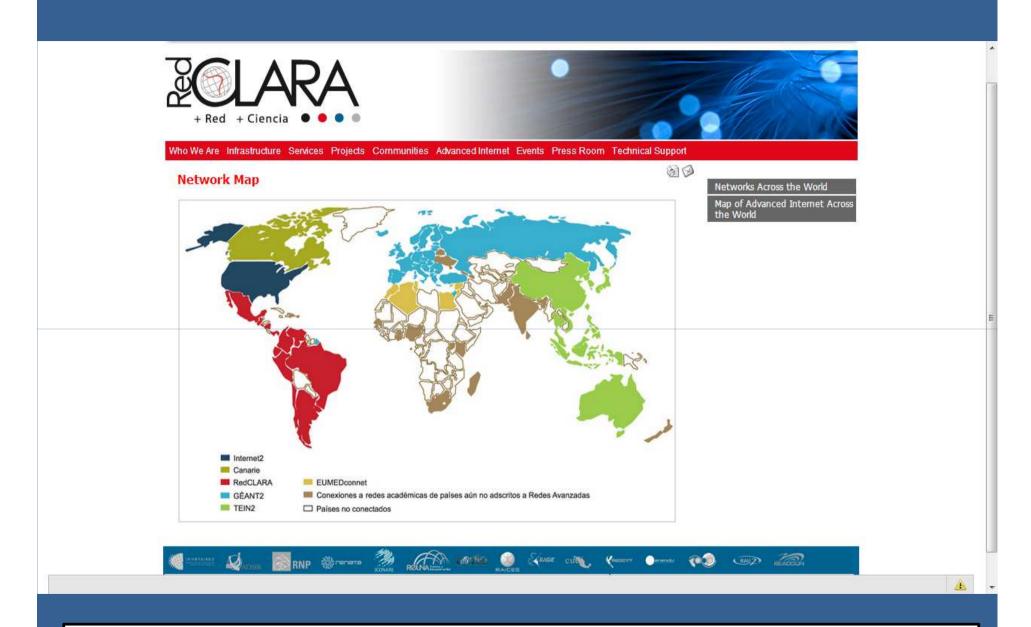
contents

- from where do we speak: our region + our experience
- background of open access in the region, enabling factors
- the OA gold road: key players and initiatives
- the green OA road: key players and initiatives
- critical <u>success factors</u>
- potential barriers for OA
- regional challenges: recommendations

from where do we speak Latin America and the Caribbean

- largest gap between rich and poor
- pressing social issues that require research
- Research and dissemination: 2/3 governmentfunded + international cooperation
- knowledge in local language, in local publications — lack regional + int. visibility
- cost of print output and its distribution
- impressive growth of OA and OA regional initiatives in Latin America





from where do we speak CLACSO – Latin America Social Science Council

- -313 social science institutions in 21 countries of LAC
- -15 years of open access experience
- -OA digital repository since 1998: 30.000 texts, average 850.000 monthly downloads
- participation in OA experts groups
- -reporting LAC OA progress in <u>UNESCO-</u> <u>GOAP Global Open Access Portal</u>

Themes

Intergovernmental Programmes

Events

Resources





Global Open Access Portal

mmunication and Information » GOAP » Access by Region » Latin America and the Caribbean

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Latin America and the Caribbean

Overview:

In Latin America, two thirds of the investments in research and development are funded by State resources (UNESCO,2010). Funding for open access initiatives comes, directly or indirectly, from public funds and from international cooperation. Key open access players are national science agencies and universities (mainly libraries, journal editors, press units, ICT units, research/academic areas).

The region has a long tradition of regional information networking to provide open access to its research results, in regional subject repositories that started with bibliographic records in the 80's and now added full-texts, and in multidisciplinary regional peer-review journal portals developed since the end of the 90's. These two are the most important contributions from the region to the open access movement, together with the introduction in Congress, in Brazil (2007) and in Argentina (2010), of a Parliament bill, still in debate, for open access legislation at national level that mandates deposit of State funded research results in digital repositories.

In the absence of commercial academic publishers, model prevailing in developed regions, free print distribution of scientific and academic publications has been the norm and the printed version has historically suffered from irregular publication and

RELATED INFORMA

COUNTRY ANALYS

Argentina | Bolivia | Brazil | Countries | Chile | Colombia Cuba | Dominican Republic Salvador | Guatemala | Hor Nicaragua | Panama | Parai Rico | Uruguay | Venezuela

MAJOR REGIONA AND INITIATIVES

- ▶ SciELO
- ▶ Redalyc
- ▶ Latindex
- ▶ BVS
- ▶ CLASE / PERIÓDICA
- ▶ SIDALC
- ▶ The Digital Library of th
- ▶ MANIOC

OA is contributing towards better integration of LAC in global conversation and knowledge societies

3 pillars "Towards knowledge societies" UNESCO, 2005

- √ "identifying the types of knowledge they possess, boosting their value"
- ✓ "Raising awareness of the wealth of available knowledge requires a mobilization of all players in society.
- ✓ "better integration of knowledge policies..... need for open access policies.... "

background of open access in the region, enabling factors

- shared problems and needs
- shared language in LA (Spanish+Portuguese)
- State funded research and publishing
- tradition of regional cooperative information networking systems, ex.: agriculture (SIDALC), work (LABORDOC), health (BVS), social sciences (CLACSO, CLASE)
- OA publishing systems: SciELO, Redalyc, OJS
- Open technologies, ex.: Dspace, Greenstone,
- absence of commercial academic publishers
- research output not in ISI (lost science)

"Clearly, the structure of scientific power is affected by Open Access, and, as result, that structure should be kept in mind while framing strategies aimed at fostering Open Access. It is difficult to imagine, except rhetorically, how advocating for Open Access can be divorced from working for a different structuring of power in science"

> Guédon, Jean-Claude . Open Access and the divide between "mainstream" and "peripheral" science., 2008. http://eprints.rclis.org/10778/

Local and regional knowledge in

green open access:

- ✓ institutional repositories (institutional outputs)

 main contents: thesis, journal articles, books, multimedia, research reports, conference papers.

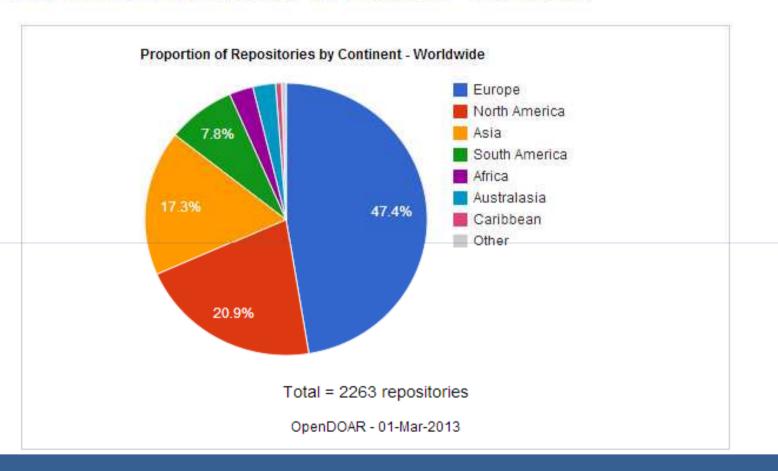
 more recently: learning objects, datasets
- ✓ subject digital repositories, ex.:
 - UN information systems: a % of full-texts
 Ex.: agriculture (AGRIS), work (LABORDOC, CARIBLEX), health (BVS)
 - social sciences (CLACSO)
 - public administration (SIARE)
 - Digital Library of the Caribbean
 - MANIOC



Directory of Open Access Repositories

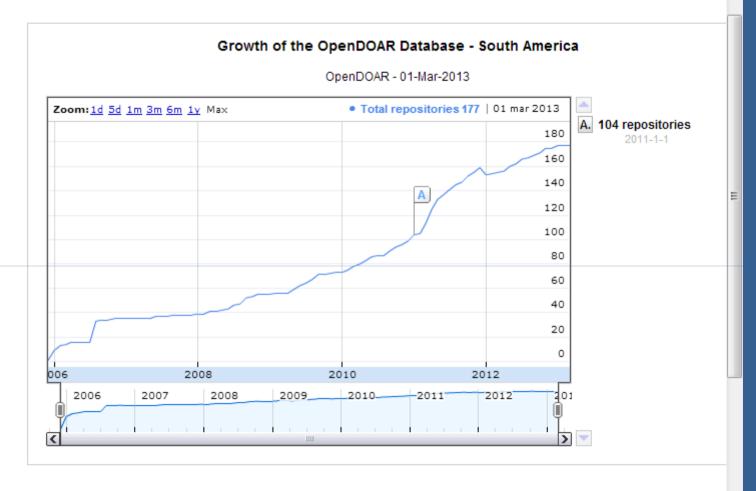
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Proportion of Repositories by Continent - Worldwide



LAC: 223 institutional repositories (10% of world total)

Growth of the OpenDOAR Database - South America



This graph shows the changing size of the OpenDOAR Database over time.

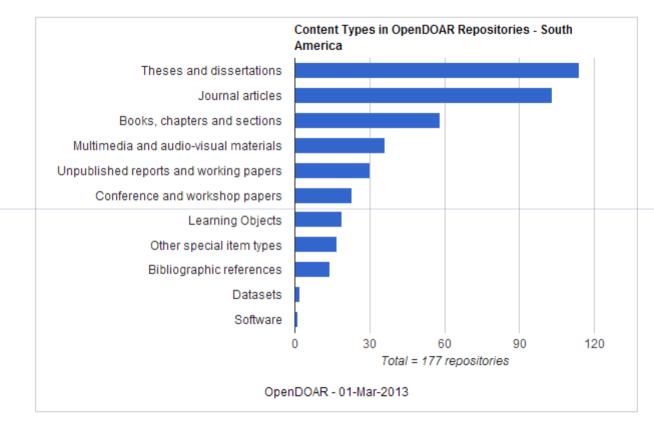
The shape of the chart in 2006 reflects the work of OpenDOAR rather than the growth of the number of actual reposositories. A backlog of new records built up while the database was being redeveloped during mid_2006.



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Content Types in OpenDOAR Repositories - South America



N.b. Most repositories hold several Content Types.

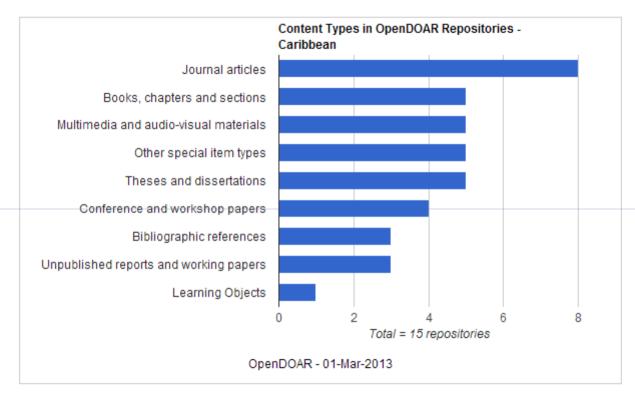
Show embedding code



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Content Types in OpenDOAR Repositories - Caribbean



N.b. Most repositories hold several Content Types.

Show embedding code

Show legacy chart and embedding code



RED de BIBLIOTECAS VIRTUALES de CIENCIAS SOCIALES de América Latina y el Caribe



Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales I Conselho Latino-americano de Ciências Sociais I Latin American Co

INICIO	QUIENES SOMOS COLECCION	IES	INGRESO DE INFORMACIÓN	CAMPAÑA CLAC
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Multimedia	Buscar alguna			
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Biblioteca Virtual en su sitio	en el índice por texto completo			
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VIRTUALES DE CLACSO	artículos de revistas	arbitradas	buscar en CLACSO/Redalyc	(b) (c)
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Subject LAC digital repository

- 30.000 full-texts, including journal collection in Redalyc
- 850.000 monthly downloads
- Community of libraries and editors





Subject digital repository: public administration, public policies, State reform National focal points
Subject digital collections

4

Regional cooperation of digital repositories

La Referencia

- 9 countries nat. science agencies: Argentina, Brasil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, México, Perú, Venezuela, El Salvador
- **Support**: IADB, RedCLARA
- Expected output: network of digital repositories national systems + regional harvester+training

Open institutional repositories Central America+Caribbean (project)

- Project 2010 Global Network of Science Academies – IAP
- Objective: open Institutional Repositories Infrastructure network for Central America and the Caribbean
- Coord: Science Academy Cuba

Local and regional knowledge in gold open access: numbers

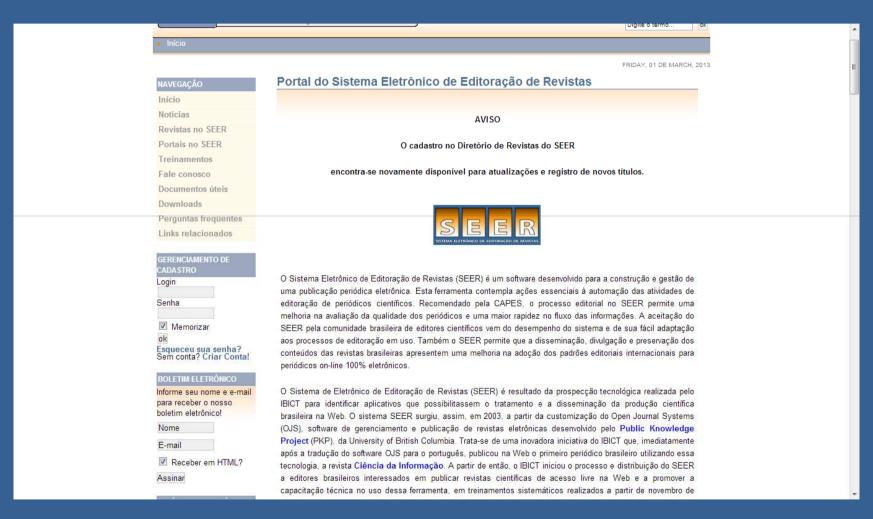
• LATINDEX: 3.700 OA journals from Latin America and the Caribbean

- DOAJ: 1.654 OA journals Latin America and the Caribbean
 - 811 (50%) from Brazil
 - LAC represents 19 % of 8.680 worldwide OA journals registered

Local and regional knowledge in gold open access: institutional journal portals



Local and regional knowledge in gold open access: national journal portals



Local and regional knowledge in gold open access: regional peer-review journal publishing and indexing services

SciELO

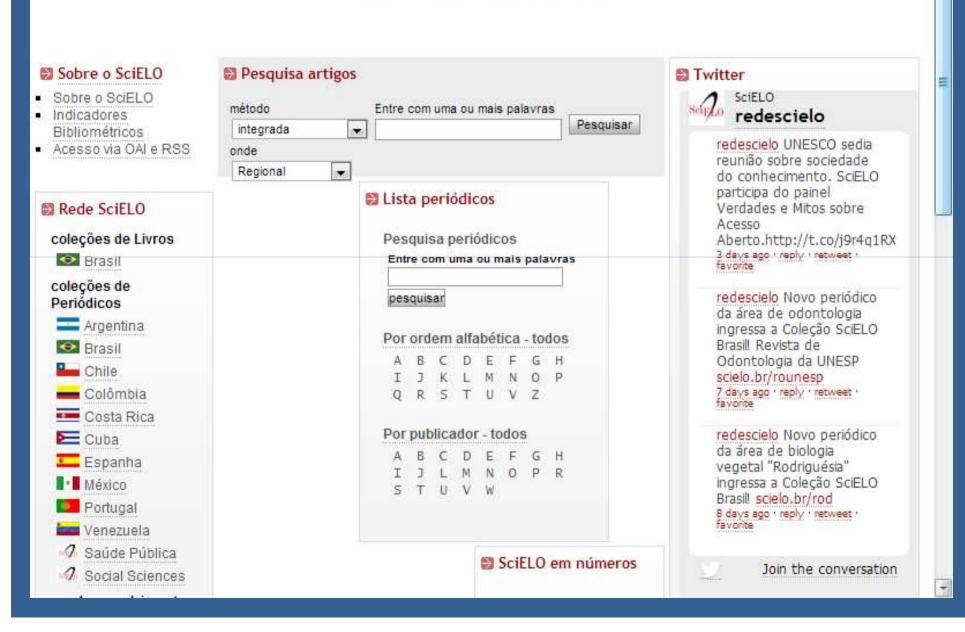
cooperative electronic publishing with national focal points

- 901 OA peer review journals
- from 12 countries of LAC (national collections)
- from a total of 1.014
 OA journals from
 Iberoamerica and
 South Africa in Scielo:

415.811 Artigos **9.008.695** Citações



Scientific Electronic Library Online







Updated on February 26, 2013

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requests	article reference
3925	FREIRE, Susana E., URTUBEY, Estrella, SANCHO, Gisela et al. Plant biodiversity inventory of Misiones Province: Asteraceae. Darwiniana, 2006, vol.44, no.2, p.375-452. ISSN 0011-6793. • abstract in english spanish • text in spanish
2379	ULIBARRI, Emilio A. The genera of Caesalpinioideae (Leguminosae) from South America. Darwiniana, 2008, vol.46, no.1, p.69-163. ISSN 0011-6793. • abstract in spanish english • text in english
	ZAPATER, Maria A, CALIFANO, Laura M, DEL CASTILLO, Elvio M et al. Native
2308	and exotic species of Tabebuia and Handroanthus (Tecomeae, Bignoniaceae) in Argentina. Darwiniana, 2009, vol.47, no.1, p.185-220. ISSN 0011-6793. • abstract in spanish english • text in spanish
2251	BIGANZOLI, Fernando and MúLGURA DE ROMERO, Maria E. Checklist of vascular plants of Teyú Cuaré Provincial Park and surrounding areas (Misiones, Argentina). Darwiniana, 2004, vol.42, no.1-4, p.1-24. ISSN 0011-6793. • abstract in english spanish • text in spanish
2236	ROLLERI, Cristina H. Revision of the genus Danaea (Marattiaceae-Pteridophyta). Darwiniana, 2004, vol.42, no.1-4, p.217-301. ISSN 0011-6793. • abstract in english spanish • text in spanish

Darwiniana

versión ISSN 0011-6793

Darwiniana vol.49 no.2 San Isidro jul./dic. 2011

SISTEMÁTICA Y TAXONOMÍA DE PLANTAS VASCULARES

A valid name for the taxon known as *Tillandsia bryoides* auct. (Bromeliaceae)

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Abstract

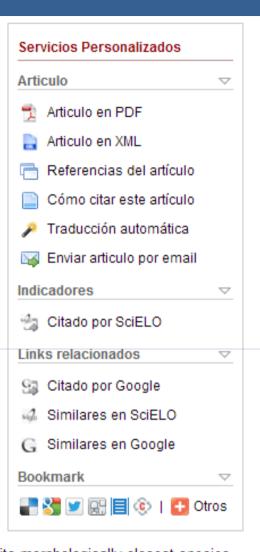
Tillandsia bryoides was sunken into the synonmy of *T. tricholepis* because all the elements of the lectotype (*P. Lorentz* 128, BM) belong to the latter species. However, there are many vouchers from different herbaria (some of them cited as reference material in several publications) previously identified as *T. bryoides*, that in fact correspond to a new species of *Tillandsia* subgen. Diaphoranthema. This new species has yellow, sessile, solitary flowers and a glabrous floral bract, and grows in central Peru, Bolivia, and central and northwestern Argentina. This paper provides a valid name for this species, an illustration, distribution data, and a discussion of the relationships with its morphologically closest species.

for this species, an illustration, distribution data, and a discussion of the relationships with its morphologically closest species

Keywords. Bromeliaceae; Diaphoranthema; Taxonomy; Tillandsia.

Resumen

Tillandsia bryoides fue incluida en la sinonimia de T. tricholepis porque todos los elementos del lectotipo (P. Lorentz 128, BM)



Local and regional knowledge in gold open access: regional peer-review journal publishing and indexing services

Redalyc

- ➤ 689 OA peer-review journals
- From 13 countries of Latin America and the Caribbean
- From a total of 808
 OA journals from
 Iberoamerica in
 Redalyc





SISTEMA DE INFORMACIÓN CIENTÍFICA REDALYC

RED DE REVISTAS CIENTÍFICAS DE AMÉRICA LATINA Y EL CARIBE, ESPAÑA Y PORTUGAL



Una ventana de acceso abierto al conocimiento iberoamericano

 Acceso a editores 808 Búsqueda REVISTAS CIENTÍFICAS English 20,645 Français Articulos Revistas Português NÚMEROS Avanzada Atlas 260,310 Cienciométricos ARTÍCULOS REVISTAS ARTÍCULOS A **TEXTO COMPLETO** Alfabética Avanzada Por Autor Por país Redalyc

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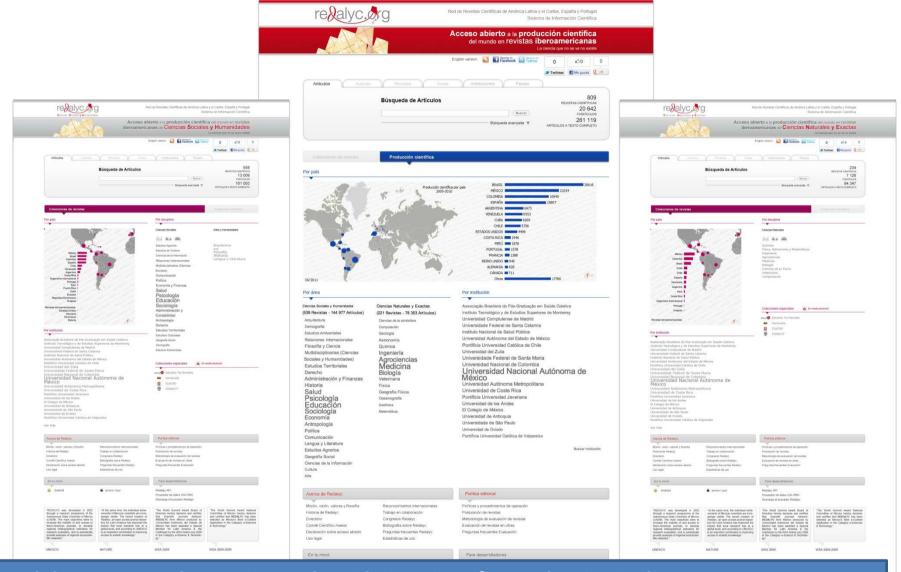
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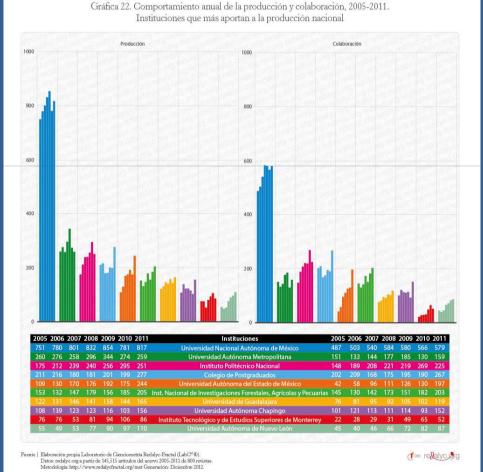
Redalyc 2013: each area journals with its scientific production indicators

- Multidisciplinary
- Social sciences, arts and humanities with its indicators
- Sciences journals with its indicators



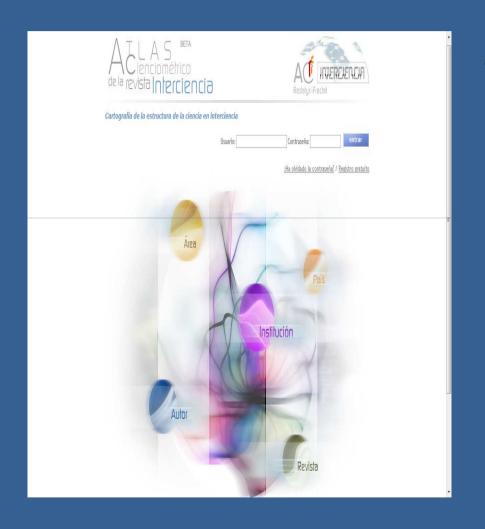
Redalyc country reports

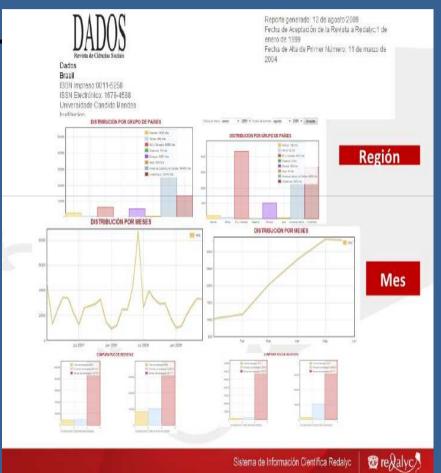






Redalyc reports for institutions, journals, subjects





Portal Portales latindex

Regional journal articles harvester

- 1.295.547 articles from lberoamerica
- Harvesting journal portals
- OA Harvester 2 de PKP



critical success factors of open access initiatives in Latin America

- funding for open access: directly or indirectly, from public funds+international cooperation
- regional scope
- participatory
- perceived benefits of OA
 - improves quality, visibility and access
 - international visibility in academic harvesters and search engines
 - provides the basis for regional indicators and complementing/comparative international indicators

barriers for further OA adoption

- access (technology, language, education)
- research evaluation based on impact factor IF
- lack of indicators from OA regional portals
- "author pays" open access business models
- funds for institutional/national repositories
- needed local contents in OA digital repositories / OA mandates / OA legislation

OA mandates and legislation

OA mandates in LA

- 20 institutional OA mandates from Latin America (4% of 482 mandates registered in ROARMAP)
 - Argentina
 - Bolivia
 - Brazil
 - Colombia
 - Perú
 - México
 - Venezuela

OA legislation in LA

Presently discussed in Congress in:

- > ARGENTINA
- > BRAZIL
- > PERU

State funded research results made available OA in digital repositories

Challenges: dissemination of results is part of the research cost

"better integration of knowledge policies...... need for open access policies.... "

UNESCO's first World Report 2005 "Towards knowledge societies"

- Prevent new enclosure to government funded research results
- Promote OA free for authors-free for users
- Institutional repositories+harvesters: no charge for authors
- Commercial editors and open access entrepreneurs can contribute with value-added services and charge for those additional services, ex. mega journals, epi journals....

Challenges: Knowledge as a shared resource, as a commons

Charlotte Hess and Elinor Ostrom.
Understanding knowledge as a commons, MIT, 2006

- discuss how to define, protect, and build the knowledge commons in the digital age, sharing responsibilities and costs.
- avoid new enclosures
- participatory approach to open access
- OA policies and mandates contents:
 texts+data+multimedia

Challenges: new formats of research communication not only peer-reviewed







Challenges: review research evaluation procedures

"Until the emphasis on publication in established high impact subscription journals and on metrics as a measure of quality is altered, open access will face ongoing challenges"

Tim Berners-Lee, WWW creator

- Develop indicators in OA portals from the region to complement evaluation indicators from ISI and SCOPUS
- Incorporate altmetrics
- Institutional repositories: metadata describing evaluation procedures of digital objects
- Advocacy among high level officials

Challenges: support for regional OA cooperation

Raising awareness of the wealth of available knowledge requires a mobilization of all players in society.

UNESCO World Report "Towards knowledge societies" (2005)

- Latin America Caribbean OA cooperation
- Research on OA needs and priorities (ex. UNESCO, INASP, IDRC-FLACSO)
- Development of OA indicators + analysis (ex.Redalyc)
- OA policies, mandates: OA acvocacy at Executive and Legislative
 - ministerial regional meeting (education + S&T)
 - National research councils + university networks
 - S&T Congress commissions (when OA bill introduced)
 (well funded publishing lobby needs well funded OA lobby)
- Translate UNESCO OA Guidelines and GOAP
- Interoperability of green and gold OA repositories from LAC
- Training
- OA linked to e-learning, OER, e-science



- We urge governments to make Open Access a high priority in science policies including:
- requiring that publicly funded research is made available through Open Access;

World Perspective

presentation

- considering the cost of publication as part of the cost of research;
- > strengthening the local OA journals, repositories and other relevant initiatives;
- promoting integration of developing countries scientific information
 in the worldwide body of knowledge

OA towards more inclusive and participatory knowledge societies



Source: http://blog.arenastage.org/.a/6a00d83453698869e20162fc7a9dde970d-pi

Thank you !!!

Dominique Babini, CLACSO dasbabini@gmail.com

Information and participation:

- GOAP Global Open Access Portal
- OA in LAC bibliography
- OA in LAC discussion list
 - LLAAR + in international WSIS Forum
- OA in LAC events, ex.: <u>BIREDIAL</u>, <u>OA week</u>