

# BIG DATA MEET THE EYES OF THE LIBRARIAN

Presented by: Muhammad Akmal Ahmat in "Seminar Staf Ikhtisas Perpustakaan Sains Malaysia"

19/12/2013

#### WHAT IS BIG DATA



#### **Defining Big Data: Volume, Velocity, and Variety**

- By <u>Judith Hurwitz</u>, <u>Alan Nugent</u>, <u>Fern Halper</u>, and <u>Marcia Kaufman</u>
- Part of the <u>Big Data For Dummies Cheat Sheet</u>
- Big data enables organizations to store, manage, and manipulate vast amounts of disparate data at the right speed and at the right time. To gain the right insights, big data is typically broken down by three characteristics:
- Volume: How much data
- Velocity: How fast data is processed
- Variety: The various types of data
- While it is convenient to simplify big data into the three Vs, it can be
  misleading and overly simplistic. For example, you may be managing a
  relatively small amount of very disparate, complex data or you may be
  processing a huge volume of very simple data. That simple data may be all
  structured or all unstructured.

URL: http://www.dummies.com/how-to/content/big-data-for-dummies-cheat-sheet.html

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1/19/2012 @ 9:46AM | 14,214 views

### Volume, Velocity, Variety: What You Need to Know About Big Data

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This post originally appeared on O'Reilly Radar ("What is big data?"). It's republished with permission.

#### **By Edd Dumbill**

Big data is data that exceeds the processing capacity of conventional database systems. The data is too big, moves too fast, or doesn't fit the strictures of your database architectures. To gain value from this data, you must choose an alternative way to process it.

The hot IT buzzword of 2012, big data has become viable as costeffective approaches have emerged to tame the volume, velocity and variability of massive data. Within this data lie valuable



📆 reddit

http://strata.oreilly.com/2012/01/what-is-big-data.html



Туре	Explanation
METADATA	data about data
LINKED DATA	a method of publishing structural data so that it can be interlinked and become more useful
OPEN DATA	The data is free
BIG DATA	a collection of data sets so large and complex that it becomes difficult to process using on-hand database management tools or traditional data processing applications

http://www.oclc.org/content/dam/oclc/events/2013/CollectiveInsightBaltimore/CollectiveInsight\_Baltimore02\_JimNeal.pdf DATA, DATA IN THE CLOUD

LIBRARIES ARE CLEARLY WELL-ENDOWED

James G. Neal

#### FACT ABOUT DATA



2004

• the global monthly Internet traffic passed 1 Exabyte for the first time.

Bret Swanson (January 20, 2007). "The Coming Exaflood". Wall Street Journal. Retrieved 2007-02-17.

2007

 Bret Swanson of the Discovery Institute coined the term exaflood for a supposedly impending flood of Exabyte that would cause the Internet's congestive collapse. 295 Exabyte.

Bret Swanson (January 20, 2007). "The Coming Exaflood". Wall Street Journal. Retrieved 2007-02-17.

2009

 The global data volume at the end of 2009 had reached 800 Exabyte http://www.genevaassociatio n.org/PDF/Risk\_Management /GA2010-RM47.pdf

#### FACT ABOUT DATA



 an Exabyte could hold a hundred thousand times all the printed material, or 500 to 3,000 times all content of the Library of Congress.
 That means,

Hard disk (Digital )		Libı	raries of Congress (Physical)
33.33 Exabyte	CON	VERT	100,000

http://blogs.loc.gov/digitalpreservation/2012/04/a-library-of-congress-worth-of-data-its-all-in-how-you-define-it/

#### Prof. Kirk Borne







#### Refer presentation: Big Data, Small World

Data Scientist, Astrophysicist, Professor of Astrophysics and Computational Science, Big Data Science Consultant, & Public Speaker

URL: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zr02fMBfuRA

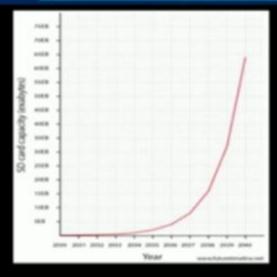
## 3 characteristics of big data

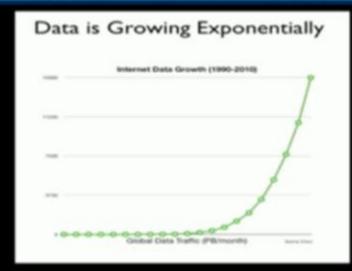


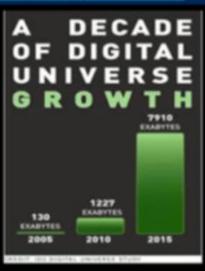
#1

#### There are huge volumes of data in the world:

- From the beginning of recorded time until 2003, we created 5 billion gigabytes (exabytes) of data.
- In 2011 the same amount was created every two days.
- In 2013, the same amount is created every 10 minutes.
   http://money.cnn.com/gallery/technology/2012/09/10/big-data.fortune/index.html





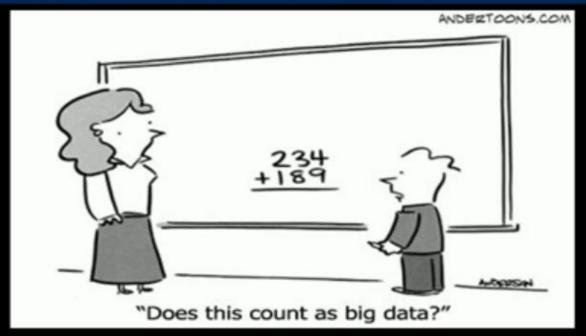




### 3 Characteristics of Big Data — #123

#### Huge quantities of data are acquired everywhere:

 Big Data is a big issue in all aspects of life: science, social networks, transportation, business, healthcare, government, national security, media, education, etc.



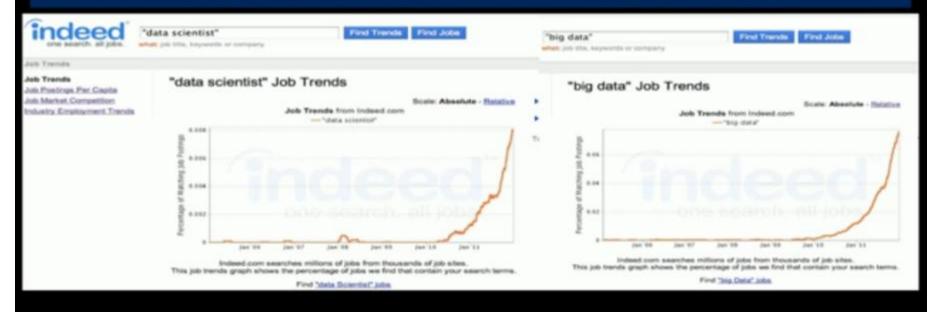
Source: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZrO2fMBfuRA



#### 3 Characteristics of Big Data — #123

#### Job opportunities are sky-rocketing:

- Extremely high demand for Big Data analysis skills
- Demand will continue to increase
- Old: "100 applicants per job". New: "100 jobs per applicant"









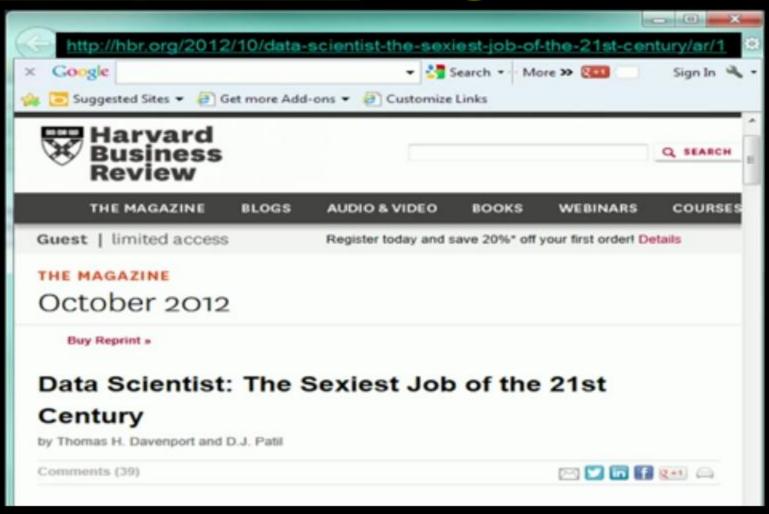
# News #2 - Promising: Big Data leads to Big Insights and New Discoveries



http://news.nationalgeographic.com/news/2010/11/photogalleries/101103-nasa-space-shuttle-discovery-firsts-pictures/



### News #3 - Good: Big Data is Sexy







#### 3 Examples of Big Data's benefits: Knowledge Discovery from Big Data

#### Novelty Discovery

Finding new, rare, one-in-a-million(billion)(trillion) objects and events

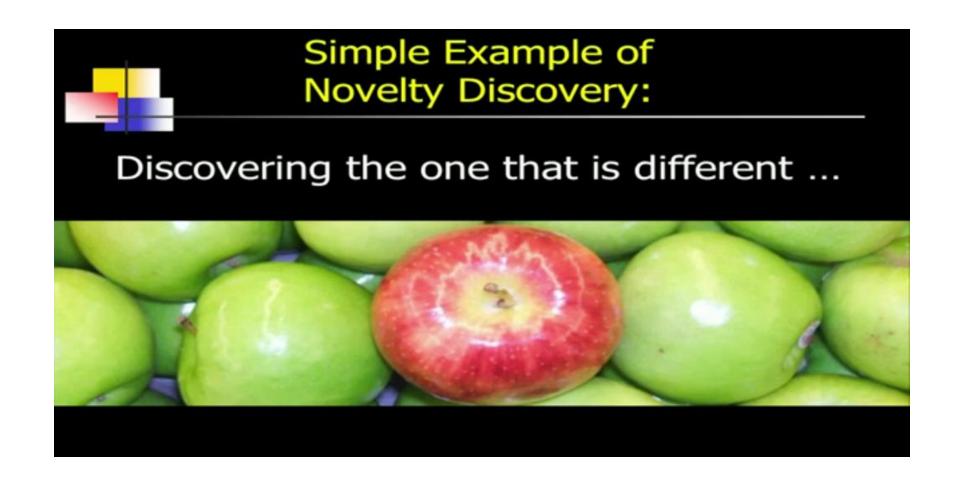
#### Class Discovery

Finding new classes of objects and behaviors

#### 3) Association Discovery

Finding unusual (improbable) co-occurring associations









### Simple Example of Information Classification:







#### What is Association Discovery?

- Identifying connections between different things (people or events)
- Finding unusual (improbable) co-occurring combinations of things (for example: in your shopping cart)
- Finding things that have much fewer than "six degrees of separation"



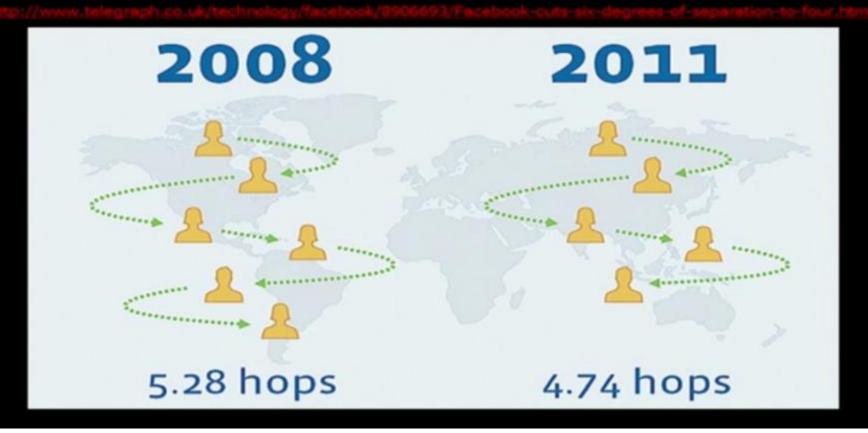
#### 6 Degrees of Separation:

Everyone is on average approximately 6 steps away from any other person on Earth (through their relationships with each other).





### Less than 6 Degrees of Separation: due to Social Networks!









#### 24 Comments

Since the American social psychologist, Stanley Milgram, conducted his famous 'small world experiment' in the 1960s, it has been commonly accepted that most people have six degrees of separation between them.

Follow < 25.9K followers

However, a vast new study by Facebook's data team and the University of Milan, which assessed the relationships between 721 million active users (more than 10 per cent of the global population) of the social network, has found that the average number of connections between people has dropped to four.

The huge piece of research, which took a month to conduct and analysed 69 billion connections across the site, found that 92 per cent of facebook users are connected by only 5 hops, or four degrees of separation.

"Using state-of-the-art algorithms...we were able to approximate the number of 'hops' [degrees of separation] between all pairs of individuals on Facebook.

"We found that six degrees actually overstates the number of links between typical pairs of users: While 99.6% of all pairs of users are connected by paths with 5 degrees (6 hops), 92% are connected by only four degrees (5 hops)," the Facebook Data team said.

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Galaxy S4 in pictures

In Facebook



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# The Six Degrees of Kevin Bacon! ... K.B. is now only 2 steps from K.B.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Six Degrees of Kevin Bacon





Kevin Bacon, appeared in the play "An Almost Holy Picture"



Heather McDonald, GMU Playwright, author of "An Almost Holy Picture"



Kirk Borne : The Borne Identity, Professor of Data Science, GMU

hllip //gazette gmu edu/articles/3360

Priting // James taidings or garmas once a combination play 7MP - specialist 6.9 E - 2011 3





6 Degrees of Separation works with people, and it works with any type of network, including the network of things that you like or purchase linked to things that other people buy or like.



http://nosql.mypopescu.com/post/46508012660/graph-based-recommendation-systems-at-ebay



# 4 Examples: how Big Data is shrinking your world — Small World Connections through Associations











#### Example #1: how Big Data is shrinking your world

- Small World Connections through Associations
- Classic Textbook Example of Data Mining (Legend?): Data mining of grocery store logs indicated that men who buy diapers also tend to buy beer at the same time.







# Example #2: how Big Data is shrinking your world — Small World Connections through Associations

Amazon.com mines its customers' purchase logs to recommend books to you: "People who bought this book also bought this other one."





# Example #4: how Big Data is shrinking your world — Small World Connections through Associations

- Wal-Mart studied product sales in their Florida stores in 2004 when several hurricanes passed through Florida.
- Wal-Mart found that, before the hurricanes arrived, people purchased 7 times as many of <u>{one particular product}</u> compared to everything else.



#### 700% increase sales



# Strawberry pop tarts???



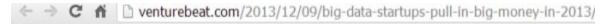
http://www.nytimes.com/2004/11/14/business/yourmoney/14wal.html

### BIG DATA = MONEY?



ata Anaysis and decision making course help	16	Big Data, BigCommerce, Statistics	4 mins	\$81 USD
ead generation - repost	3	Big Data, Data Mining, Leads, Marketing	3 mins	€33 EUR
	Our B	ig Data Communit	y	
6,680 Big Data Experts		\$ 641,348 Projects Posted	13,968 Projects	





Big Data Business

Cloud

Deals Dev

Education

Enterprise

Entrepreneur

Gadgets

Green Health

Lifestyle

Media

Mobile

New York Science

Security

Small Biz

Social

GAMESBEAT



The money is flowing to big data startups in a big way.

December 9, 2013 11:43 AM Jordan Novet

















Investors have pumped \$3.6 billion into startups focused on big data this year. Not too shabby: It's almost three quarters of all the money that's gone into



www.nst.com.my/latest/shabery-malaysia-must-p

13 October 2013 last updated at 01:37PM 🛎 Email 🚇 Print

#### Shabery: Malaysia must produce many data scientists

comments

#### Want A Career In IT?

newinti.edu.my/Computing Be Industry Ready In 3 Years. Apply For Computing In INTI Now!

KEMAMAN: Malaysia has to produce many data scientists to drive its effort to become a data management centre so as to pioneer new economic opportunities on a global scale, Communication and Multimedia Minister Datuk Ahmad Shabery Cheek said today.

He said it was the desire of Prime Minister Datuk Seri Najib Razak to see Malaysia not only as a consumer in the information technology sector but also as a major player in IT development.

"Education must also be geared towards that direction. Hitherto, we have sent our children to become engineers, chemists and aeronautical

#### M'sia perlu hantar pelajar saintis data besarbesaran

Online Metro | October 13, 2013 | Reply



Malaysia memerlukan lebih ramai saintis data dalam usaha menjadikan negara ini sebagai pusat pengurusan data, dalam usaha memacu negara mempelopori peluang-peluang ekonomi baharu di peringkat global Selaras dengan hasrat Perdana Menteri Datuk Seri Najib Tun Razak yang mahu Malaysia bukan sahaja menjadi pengguna dalam sektor teknologi maklumat (IT), Menteri Komunikasi dan Multimedia Datuk Seri Ahmad Shabery Cheek berkata negara perlu melahirkan ramai saintis data bagi memacu negara sebagai peserta utama dalam perkembangan terkini pembangunan industri IT itu.

adi jurutera, ahlii

knowledgeable in

running mission

centres?

Who are the right professional that critical data



 IBM says 'big data' will transform schools, hospitals — and malls
 Devin Coldewey NBC News

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hTA5GyWa mR0&src vid=yKNSOwLcrkE&feature=iv&anno tation id=annotation 1030989583

#### James G. Neal





James G. Neal
Vice President for Information Services and
University Librarian, Columbia University

He is currently Chair of the ALA Budget
Analysis and Review Committee (BARC) and
has served on the Council and Executive Board
of the American Library Association. He has
served on the Board and as President of the
Association of Research Libraries, on the Board
and as Chair of the Research Libraries Group
(RLG), and as Chair of the RLG Programs
Committee of the OCLC Board.

# Refer presentation: Data, Data in the Cloud, Libraries are Clearly Well-Endowed

# NEW TECHNOLOGIES AND THE 21ST CENTURY ACADEMIC LIBRARY



- Mobiles and Tablets (single, portable multi-purpose device)
- Cloud Computing (distributed processing and applications)
- Geo-Everything (geolocation and geotagging)
- Personal Web (customized management of online content)
- Linked Data (connecting and relating structured information)
- Semantic-Aware Applications (meaning to provide answers)
- Smart Objects (links physical world with information)
- Open Content (wide distribution and repurposing)
- MOOC (massive open online courses)
- Electronic Book (platforms, applications, redefinition)
- DATA/BIG SCIENCE (RESEARCH INFORMATION MANAGEMENT)
- Games As Learning Tools (participation and interaction)
- Visualization and Simulation (more meaningful and intuitive)

### **BUILD THE DIGITAL LIBRARY QUALITY**



- Published/Licensed Content
- Primary Content
- Open Web Content
- Institutional Content
- Research Data Content
- Multimedia Content
- Integrated Services
- Software Tools

#### **ADVANCE THE REPOSITORY MOVEMENT**



- Discipline Repositories
- Institutional Repositories
- Data Repositories
- Departmental/School Repositories
- Individual Repositories
- Learning Repositories
- Government Repositories
- National Repositories
- Publisher Repositories
- Research Data Repositories

### SUPPORT THE NEEDS OF RESEARCH



- Navigate, Analyze, Synthesize
- Open Research/Continuous Scholarly Communication
- Scholarly Products to Scholarly Process
- Expertise Databases/Subject Ontologies
- Data Management Consulting
- Integration of Disparate Sources/Grey Literature
- Special Library/Informationalist Model

#### SUPPORT THE NEEDS OF BIG DATA



- Federal/Funding Agency Mandate
- Massive Data Sets
- Unstructured Data/Curation
- Extraction
- Distribution
- Collaboration
- Visualization
- Simulation
- Preservation

#### DATA MEET THE "HUMAN" OBJECTIVES



- Success (turn out well, attain desired end)
- Happiness (well-being and contentment)
- Productivity (achieving results or benefits)
- Progress (forward movement or betterment)
- Relationships (personal connections or attachments)
- Experiences (observation or participation)
- Impact (significant effect)

#### **DATA MEET USERS?**



- Students (diversity abounds)
- Faculty (expectations galore)
- Researchers (tribal differences)
- Administration (the bottom line)
- Community (local politics)
- Working Professionals (practical applications)
- Alumni and Donors (largely ignored)
- World on the Web (the new majority)

#### SOME ISSUES FOR DISCUSSION



- Identifier Proliferation
- Commercialization
- Openness/Protection
- Maintenance
- Authority
- Unintended Consequences/Harvesting



## BIG DATA AFFECTS DECISION IMPACT

#### Questions meet data needs



1) Among total article publication listed in the Emerald, how many article written by accountants storied about bibliometrics?



# Patterns of co-authorship and research collaboration in Malaysia

Research collaboration in Malaysia

659

Received 11 December 2012 Revised 19 June 2013 Accepted 19 June 2013

Ming Yu Cheng, Kai Wah Hen and Hoi Piew Tan Faculty of Accountancy and Management, Universiti Tunku Abdul Rahman, Kajang, Malaysia, and

#### Kuk Fai Fok

ASEAN Academy of Engineering and Technology (AAET), Puchong, Malaysia

#### Abstract

Purpose — By exploring the patterns of co authorship, this paper aims to identify the degree and type of research collaboration in Malaysia.

**Design/methodology/approach** – A total of 22,244 publication records from five research universities in Malaysia were retrieved from Scopus database. Journal articles published for the period between 2008 and October 2011 were collected. Indicators such as number of authors, subject areas, number of local institutions and foreign countries, were analysed using simple statistical tools to identity the degree and type of collaboration.

Findings — The findings reveal that in Malaysia, researchers tend to work in teams but collaboration is more dominant in science based research than social sciences. Academics published extensively with their colleagues from the same university or from other academic institutions, but there is little collaboration with researchers from public research institutes or industry. In terms of international collaboration, Iran, India, UK, Japan and the USA are the top five collaborating countries. Disciplines with significant international collaboration are physics and astronomy; chemistry, agricultural and biological sciences; engineering; health profession and computer sciences.

Originality/value — This paper is among the few that study the patterns of co authorship in Malaysia and most probably the first to examine the patterns in the Malaysian research universities. The study highlights the skewed distribution of co authorship patterns where there is limited evidence of cross sectors collaboration in journal publication. The findings call for policy makers as well as universities to look into the constraints as well as drivers that would enhance the linkage of different actors in the national research system.

Keywords Co authorship, Malaysia, Academic research, Biblicmetrics, Joint authorship, Scientific collaboration

#### **DECISION IMPACT**



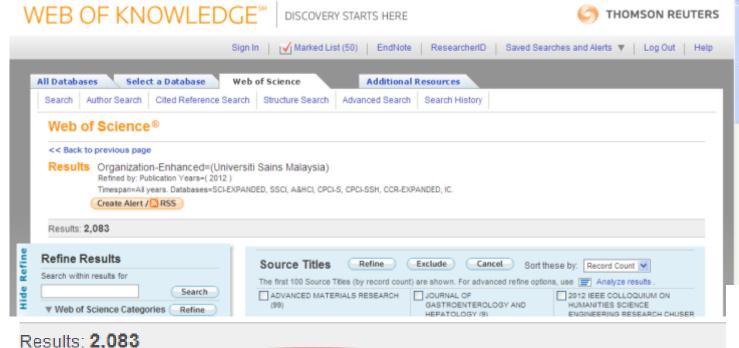
 SO ON FUTURE TOWARDS BIBLIOMETRICS STUDY, DO GOVERNMENT SUPPORT more BUDGET (RESEARCH GRANTS) TO INFORMATION MANAGEMENT EXPERTS or anybody else that have more interesting findings?

### Questions meet data needs in USM



2) Among total article publication listed in the Web of Science, how many percent USM contribute in 2012?





**ANSWER** 

2,083 records matched your query of the 43,577,624 in the data limits you selected.

Kev: 📆 🗷 = Shucture available

2) in 2012, 0.0047% of total publication listed in Web of Science were from USM

#### **DECISION IMPACT**



 SO ON 2013, DO UNIVERSITY TOP MANAGEMENT GIVE MORE ON RESEARCH GRANTS? OR LIBRARY?

#### Questions are meet data needs in USM



3) Among total BOOKS ON THE SHELVES, which subject are highly use in 2012 and LESS/DROP BORROWED in 2012?



In 2012, <?? %> of total books on the shelves were in <what subject> are highly use and <?? %> of total books were in <what subject> are less use.

#### **ANSWER**

#### **DECISION IMPACT**



• SO, on year 2013, WHICH SUBJECT BOOK SHOULD BE PRIORITISE TO BUY?

### CONLUSIONS



- 1. Need more research on Big Data issues.
- 2. Big Data have impacts to libraries
- 3. Librarians should study more on Big Data issues.



## Thank you

Presented by Muhammad Akmal Ahmat | PHS