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Open access, open data and open science aligned with responsible research assessment: perspectives from Latin American and the Caribbean

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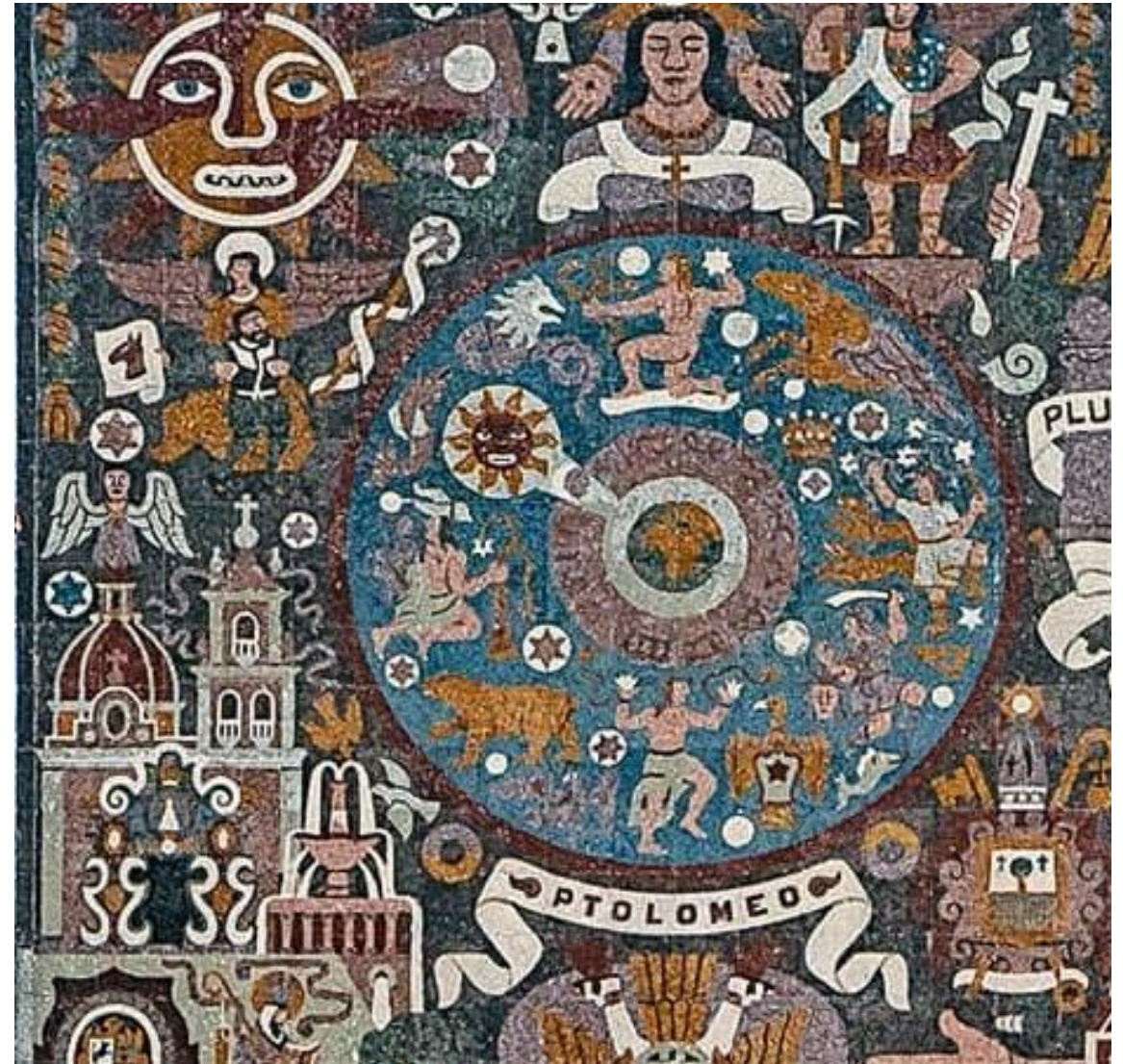
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CLACSO

Consejo Latinoamericano
de Ciencias Sociales

Latin America has created and maintains a non-commercial infrastructure where **scientific publishing belongs to academic institutions** and not to large publishers



Latin America: scholar-led, publicly funded, non-profit, open access infrastructures



LATIN AMERICA

- **community owned and governed open access:** bibliodiversity + multilingualism
- **region with highest % of open access adoption in scholarly journals** published in the region, with no APCs and no outsourcing to commercial publishers
- **university leadership of open access**
 - * open access journal platforms (university and national -OJS + regional Latindex, Redalyc-AmeliCA, SciELO)
 - * institutional repositories (La Referencia-COAR)
- **national and institutional open access policies prioritize open access repositories** for publications and data
- **more recently, open science is promoted in the region**
 - * research data platforms (institutional, national)
 - * co-production of knowledge with other societal actors

community governance contributes to equity, inclusion, bibliodiversity and multilingualism

KNOWLEDGE FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD

Who is using those articles published in peer-reviewed open access journals from regional indexing services?

Contribution to education, research, professional practice and citizens needs

Type of Reach	Approximate Proportion	
	SciELO	RedALyC
Students	50%	55%
University Staff	25%	22%
Professional Practice	20%	17%
Personal Use	9%	6%

} academic

} public

* This table represents a composite of the results derived from my interpretations of all the responses and data collected in my dissertation study. As such, the numbers should be treated only as approximations, and the percentages should not be expected to add to 100%.

https://figshare.com/articles/presentation/Research_is_also_for_non_scholars_Lessons_from_Latin_America/3187551

@juancommander

Open science and open access policies – Report (2020, in Spanish)

The topic of open research data is present in the national Open Access legislation approved in Peru (2013), Argentina (2013), Mexico (2014), Colombia (2022), and in discussions (eg. Chile, Argentina, Brazil).



Research data in repositories

- National/State research data repositories
 - National systems of institutional repositories in 11 countries of LAC, with incipient collections of datasets, as reflected in La Referencia
 - Eg. of National data repositories: National Systems of Data Repositories in Argentina (biological, genomic, sea data)
 - Eg. of State data repository: Rede de Repositórios de Dados Científicos do Estado de São Paulo, Brazil),
- Data repositories
 - Eg.: Dataverse used in 18 data repositories in Latin America
- Subject data repositories, integrated to international subject repositories, eg.:
 - SiBBR-GBIF: The Brazilian Biodiversity Information System, member of the Global Biodiversity Information Facility

Eg. of present challenges in research data management, and need of collaboration and international cooperation

- Open science brings biodiversity and datadiversity.
- The cost implicated in reliable and sustainable infrastructures. Eg: servers with more capacity, strong connectivity, more expensive backup mechanisms. New functionalities and value added services needed in repositories, or the cost of developing research data repositories
- Scarce resources to develop/adapt institutional repositories for diverse research outputs, eg. Publications, data, preprints, multimedia, each with its particular requirements.
- Train users/trainers at the national and institutional level, eg.: La Referencia/RDA, ECLAC/LEARN (LERU), CODATA
- Promote FAIR and CARE principles
- Research data working groups to share experiences and resources
- Awareness and training activities for researchers and repositories staff (cultural change)
- Specific funding
- Specific programs for social sciences research data resulting from co-creation of knowledge with societal actors other than academics (methodologies and data management)

Eg. of concerns in relation to research data management

- **Costs** of research data management, training, new functionalities needed in repositories for data and preprints, cost of identifiers
- **Extractivism** of data – the **commodification** of interactions and contents – hidden work in participation in international open science programs.
- Who provides data for collaborative research and participates in the project's design and management?
- Issues of **diversity and inclusiveness in contents, management of research data, and decisions** about technologies and methodologies to be used to reduce inequities.



**THE BUDAPEST OPEN ACCESS
INITIATIVE 20TH ANNIVERSARY
RECOMMENDATIONS**



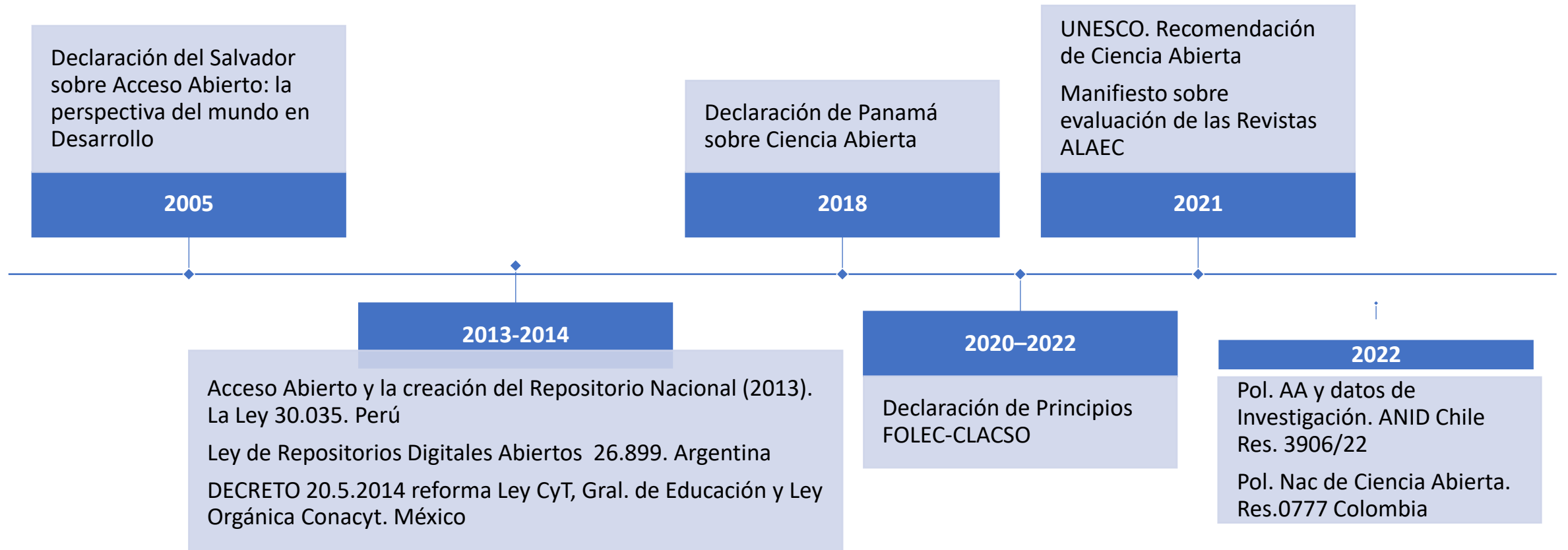
RECOMMENDATION 1:

Host OA research on open infrastructure. Host and publish OA texts, data, metadata, code, and other digital research outputs on open, community-controlled infrastructure. Use infrastructure that minimizes the risk of future access restrictions or control by commercial organizations. Where open infrastructure is not yet adequate for current needs, develop it further.

Aligning RRA with Open Science

The slide features a dark blue background. The title 'Aligning RRA with Open Science' is written in a white, sans-serif font. Below the title, there are two horizontal blue bars. The first bar is a solid blue rectangle. The second bar is a blue rectangle that is slightly offset to the right and has a 3D effect, appearing to be a block floating above the first bar.

Regional landscape



MOTIVATIONS FOR CHANGE IN RA



Research assessment

Fragmentation of RA systems.

Systemic distortions in evaluation systems: quantitative and hegemonic-universal bias on contextual elements.

Increasing influence of publishing models outside of Latin America. Biggest pressure from funding agencies and national science councils whose research assessment practices are often guided by international mainstream metrics, such as JIF.

Tradition of regional journals and indicators: little value in evaluation systems. A wide range of local knowledge production and participatory science unseen in RA criteria. A wide range of local knowledge production and participatory science unseen in RA criteria.

Limit local autonomy of research agendas, discourage good open access practices, and research in interaction with society.

Underfunding of community-owned infrastructures because scarce funds directed to APCs.

Weak information system and interoperability of infrastructures.

ACTIONS FOR CHANGE IN RA: FOLEC INITIATIVE

- ✓ Mobilization actions, diagnosis & proposals on RA.
- ✓ Series of advocacy papers & RA policy tools on: Current information systems, Multilingualism and bibliodiversity; Promotion of national journals.
- ✓ Regional Consultation on Peer-Review.
- ✓ Research on mission-oriented research proposals & innovative forms RA.
- ✓ Declaration of principles.

The screenshot displays the FOLEC website with several key documents and tools highlighted:

- FOLEC 2021: Hacia la transformación de los sistemas de evaluación en América Latina y el Caribe.**
 - Herramienta 3: Las revistas nacionales y su valoración en los procesos de evaluación.** (Information icon)
 - Herramienta 2: Para promover la bibliodiversidad y defender el multilingüismo.** (Information icon)
 - Herramienta 1: Los sistemas CRIS, su potencialidad para visibilizar diversas formas de producción de conocimiento e impulsar nuevas modalidades de evaluación.** (Information icon)
- Towards a Transformation of Scientific Research Assessment in Latin America and the Caribbean.**
 - Evaluating Scientific Research Assessment.** (Information icon)
 - Diagnosis and Proposals for a Regional Initiative.** (Information icon)
- Tool 2: Promoting bibliodiversity and defending multilingualism.** (Information icon)

At the bottom right, there is a detailed text block for 'Herramienta 1' with an icon of a person holding a globe, and a small 'FOLEC' logo.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES

A NEW RESEARCH ASSESSMENT TOWARDS A SOCIALLY RELEVANT SCIENCE IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN



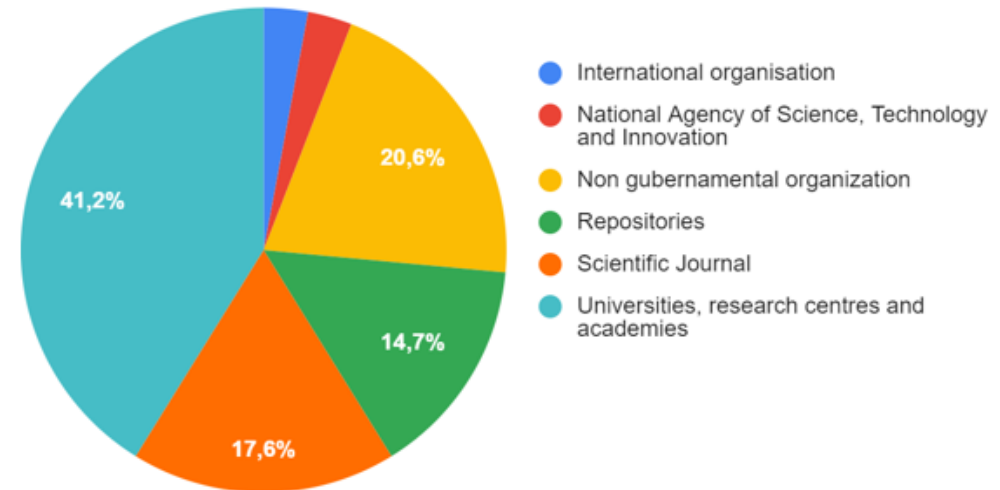
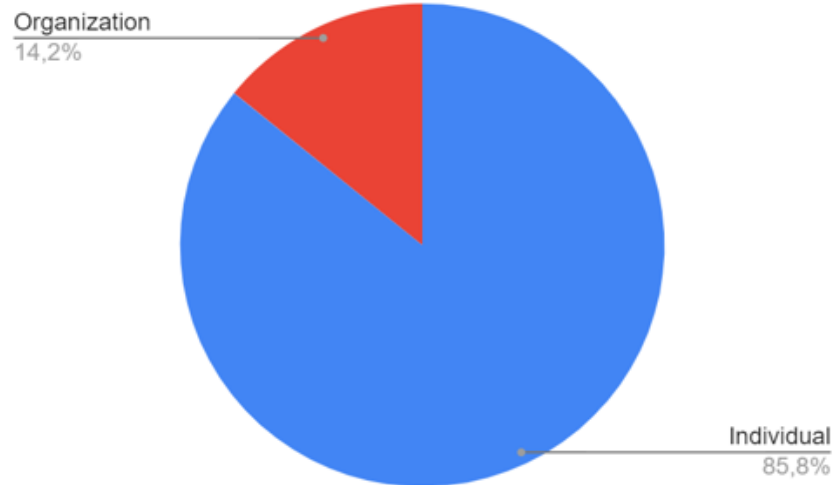
Inclusive science

<u>Assessment must ensure socially relevant science</u>
Valuation of open science and qualitative research assessment
Weighting of teamwork
The scientific community's participation on evaluation processes and indicators
Use of regional, national and international indexing indicators for quality journals
Impact should include the social relevance of knowledge
Recognition of knowledge contribution by extra-academic stakeholders
<u>Multilingualism and cultural diversity.</u>
Evolutionary, participatory and transparent assessment
<u>Recognition of peer review</u>
Representation of women and diversities in assessment processes and research topics
More inclusive assessment processes for ECR
Information systems should reflect comprehensive trajectories , respecting diversity.
Citation indicators limited in geographic, disciplinary or linguistic scope are not valid for comparisons.

SUPPORTERS OF THE DECLARATION (FIRST WEEKS)

Signing type	
Individual	188
Organization	31
Total	219

Type of institution	
National Agency of Science, Technology and Innovation	2,94%
International organization	2,94%
Non gubernamental organization	20,59%
Repositories	14,71%
Scientific Journal	17,65%
Universities, research centres and academies	41,18%
Total	100,00%



Recommendations



Transition toward more comprehensive evaluation and funding of research (portfolio) Diversify methodologies for evaluating scientific production and circulation.



.Hierarchize publication in journals indexed in international/regional/national databases in OA modalities without APCs and consider open evaluation processes. Encourage data sharing, reward availability of open data and provisional results in open platforms and FAIR principles; open source software and creation of other tools open to users. Regulate self-archiving in OA repositories and under CC.



Recognize and value active participation of citizens and users in research processes. Team science, inclusive and equitable, recognition of diverse contributions and interdisciplinarity.

Monitoring: Experiences, areas and data

- National level: initial and experimental stage - Advisory Committees for OS
- FOLEC survey on RRA initiates and practices in LAC aligned with OS to be launched, oriented to OA journal editors, universities, research centers and STI institutions.

The image shows a screenshot of the LA Referencia website. The main heading reads "EXPLORA LAS PUBLICACIONES CIENTÍFICAS DE AMÉRICA LATINA EN ACCESO ABIERTO". Below this is a search bar with the text "Ingresar texto" and a dropdown menu for "Todos los Campos". To the right of the search bar are buttons for "Buscar" and "Búsqueda Avanzada".

12 NODOS NACIONALES	3 869.878 DOCUMENTOS	2.380.039 ARTÍCULOS	406.531 TESIS DE DOCTORADO
		104.031 REPORTES	859.908 TESIS DE MAESTRIA

Below the search results, there are several logos and text elements:

- SciELO Scientific Electronic Library Online
- redalyc.org
- RICYT RED DE INDICADORES DE CIENCIA Y TECNOLOGÍA INTERAMERICANA E IBEROAMERICANA
- latindex
- doab directory of open access books
- Open access books <https://www.doabooks.org/en/publishers/join-doab>
- The COAR Notify Initiative
- notify
- doi

At the bottom right, there is a text box: "Sistema Regional de Información en línea para Revistas Científicas de América Latina, el Caribe, España y Portugal".

What is needed for open, participatory and collaborative research ASSESSMENT IN LAC?



Transition to more comprehensive research assessment and funding.



Incremental changes that harmonize and coordinate policies and methodologies toward shared principles of RRA and OS.



Diversity of research assessment approaches, in dialogue with existing STI trajectories and instruments.



New methodologies & data for better assessing inter/multi/transdisciplinary science, environmental and local issues.



Shared, interoperable, sustainable, federated infrastructures that support bibliodiversity and multilingualism.



Participatory and bottom-up designs, broaden participation of citizens & society and research groups underrepresented.
Science as human right: collective benefit

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