# A toolkit for Research Communities: helping Authors choose the right mode of publication to maximise impact

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# Outline

- Scientific papers impact: what does it means?
- Research assessment in Italy
- Journal selection for publication
- Toolkit
- Some possible paths
- Institutional repositories
- Conclusions

## **Scientific papers impact**

- The pressure to demonstrate the high impact of own, or institutional research papers is growing
- The interest for indicators by the Ministry of Health and the Ministry for University and Research is very clear....

#### **Evaluation of research**

- A wide range of studies and statistics are already giving evidence that papers published in an open, freely accessible journal (and/or repository) have more impact
- Since it has been demonstrated, also within biomedical disciplines that the Impact Factor "should not be used to evaluate research" (1), it is important to consider new metrics for research assessment
- (1) P.O.Seglen Why the impact factor of journals should not be used to evaluate research. BMJ 1997

## A comment by Stevan Harnad

"What the RAE \*should\* be planning to do is to look at weighted combinations of all available research performance metrics -- including the many that are correlated, but not so tightly correlated, with prior RAE rankings, such as author/article/book citation counts, article download counts, co-citations (co-cited with and co-cited by, weighted with the citation weight of the co-citer/co-citee), endogamy/exogamy metrics (citations by self or collaborators versus others, within and across disciplines), hub/authority counts (in-cites and out-cites, weighted recursively by the citation's own in-cite and out-cite counts), download and citation growth rates, semantic-web correlates, etc. "

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## Citations and more...

In Italy, ....there is a lack of information about research evaluation criteria

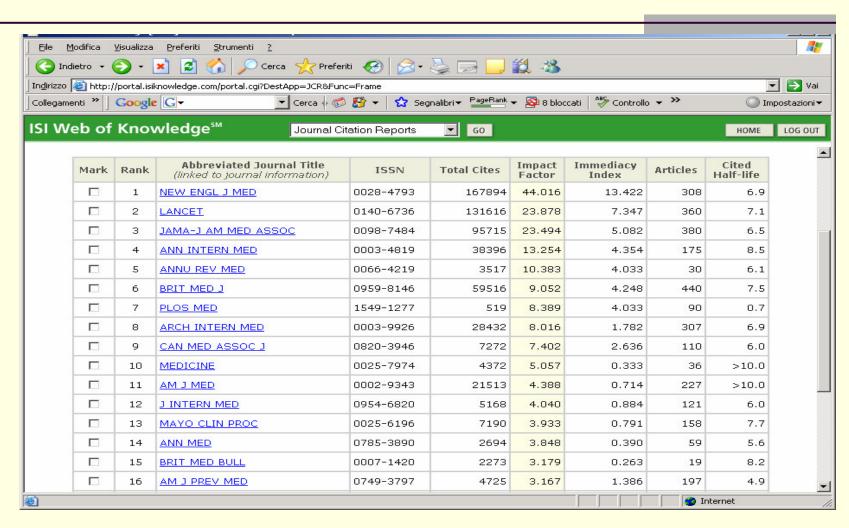
- Impact Factor is generally considered a measure of scientific preminence of single papers
- Little attention is paid to new metrics made possible by the electronic environment where papers are published

#### Citations and more...

...a consequence is that most of the Authors follow a standard path when decideding where to publish their research.

I invite the public to interrupt me if anybody is doing usually something very different....

## The first source checked JOURNAL CITATION REPORT



#### Journal selection...

- IF
- A particularly appropriate journal (es.)
- Know somebody in the Editorial Board
- Not very high IF, but appropriate content
- Medium value paper, good for an Italian journal
- Final version paper accepted in a international conference...-> Association journal!

OA is NOT a selection criterium

# **Toolkit!**

- Peer reviewed open access journals: directory of open access journals: doaj
- Post publication institutional open database of articles publicly funded: PubMedCentral, and UKPMC coming soon
- Journals publishing some free access articles (*hybrid* journals)
- Green, pale green, ... publishers: romeo/sherpa list
- Institutional repositories

#### **Toolkit urls**

- www.doaj.org
- http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/romeo.php
- Post publication open database:

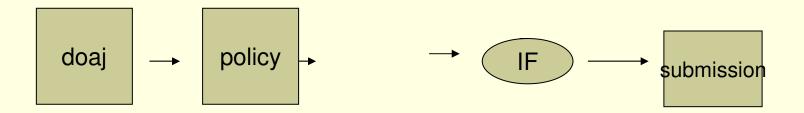
www.pubmedcentral.com

UKPMC (january 2007)

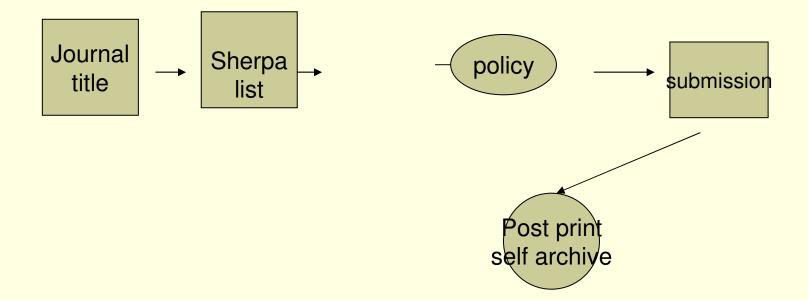
Hybrid journals (Author pays for immediate online access to the article on the publisher web site)

http://www.earlham.edu/~peters/fos/newsletter/09-02-06.htm http://www.earlham.edu/~peters/fos/lists.htm#statements%22

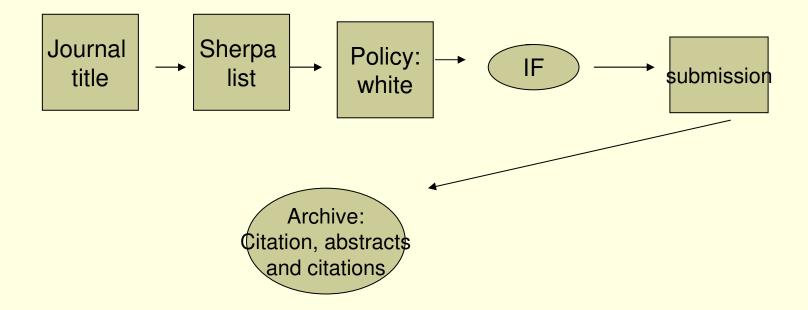
# Paths...



# "not doaj" path....



## "white" titles



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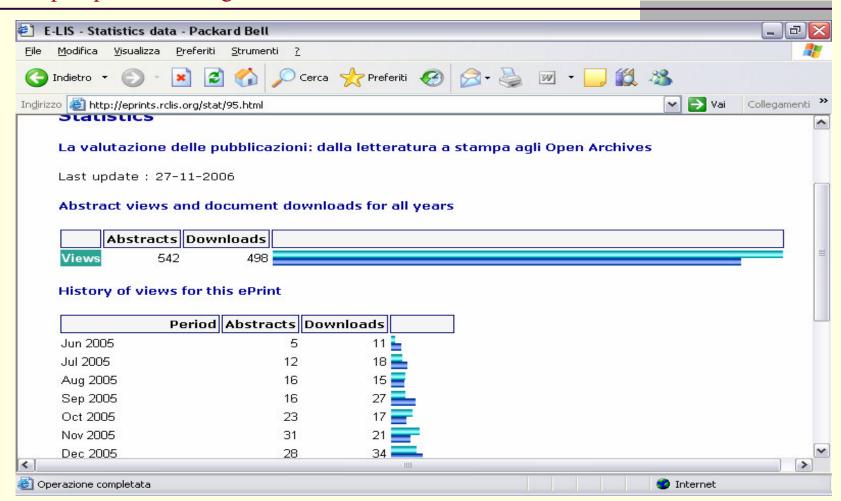
## Institutional repositories made easy



- Technical aspects
  (installation, Italian
  versions, instructions...)
  are made easy by
  cooperation at national
  and international level
- The key factor is marketing!
- Parent Institutions examples

# Statistics ! .-))

http://eprints.rclis.org/stat/95.html



# **Good luck!**

