

Tracing agents and other automatic sampling procedures for the World Wide Web

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Sampling problems in the Web

No database with near complete coverage

- Altavista 250 Mpp < estimated 600 Mpp
- links not validated (moved, no longer available, not accesible)
- not pertinent answers (noise)
 - inadequate search capabilities
 - no metadata or invalid
- irregular behaviour (saturation dependent): "sampling procedures"

Quality of the resources

- formal quality
- value of the contents

First Generation possibilities

Search engines

- Advanced search facilities
 - No export facilities + limits
 - limited clustering capabilities (excl. Northern Light)
 - irregular behaviour in hibrid (boolean+field delimited) searching

Metasearchers

- Clustering
 - Husky Search

http://huskysearch.cs.washington.edu/huskysearch

– Inference Find 2

http://infindv2.infind.com/infind.rdc

Towards Second Generation

Multisearchers

- Copernic 99 3.01
- Quest 99 2.03
- Mata Hari 1.11
- MetaSearch 2.2

Advantages and disadvantages

- Low cost (shareware or free distribution)
- Limited capabilities to export records
- Small samples (200-300 records per engine)
- Validation

Another option

Tracing Agents

- DigOut4U 1.5
- Cybot 2.42
- Macrobot 3.03 Pro
- WebBandit 3.60

Advantages and disadvantages

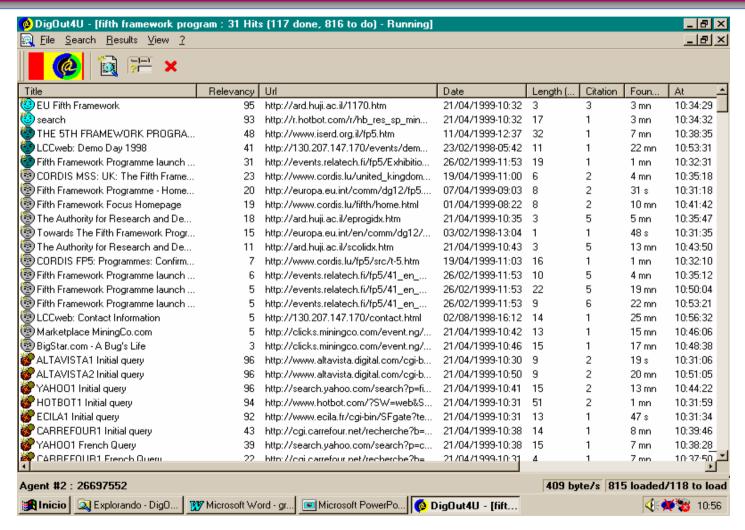
- Medium to high cost (some shareware)
- Unlimited number of records to sample
- Good capabilities to export records
 - Access
 - HTML

Tracing agents

Global ("virtual") capabilities

- Starting point
 - multisearcher
 - "seed/s", even some of the large indexes or search engine
- Adding forbidden sites: "noise reduction"
- Deep tracing level (or time limitation)
- Search strategy
 - main terms ("root" recovery)
 - secondary terms (children and grandchildren sites)
 - differential weighting words and sites
- Editing and exporting options
 - several formats

DigOut4U



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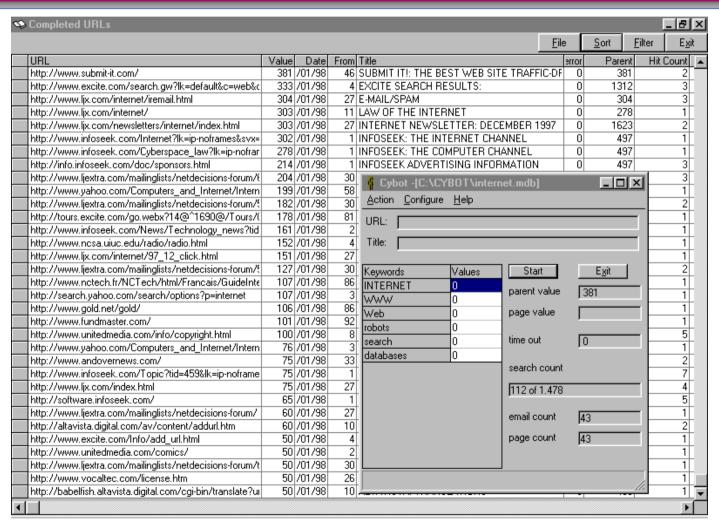
DigOut4U

Description

- expensive "suite" (English/French customisation)
- Multisearcher "seeds" generator
 - Simultaneous search agents (standard 5)
- Downloading options

- Powerful program
 - Huge number of results
 - High quality (pertinent sites)
- Large to very large files generated
- filtering domains not working well
- confusing interface

Cybot 2.42



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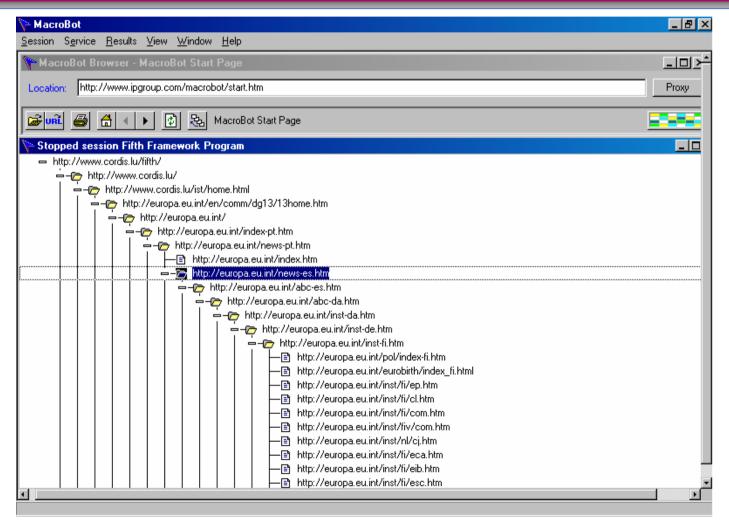
Cybot 2.42

Description

- Complex system to configure
 - seeds
 - weights
- MS Access as database engine

- Large number of analysed urls
 - low to very low number (ratio) of selected sites
 - pertinent to very pertinent
- Confusing weighting system (more time is needed to master)
- simple Interface

Macrobot 3.03



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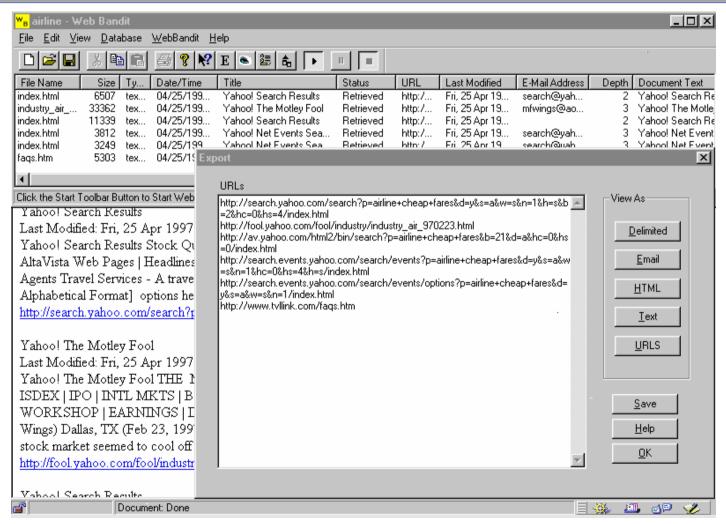
Macrobot 3.03

Description

- Programmable by "scripts"
 - -preconfigured
 - -macros
- Only one agent (collapsible)
- Exporting capabilities (Access)

- A beta version that generates problems with large number of records
- Powerful, with filters devoted to extract data according several criteria (email addresses, by example)
- Results are very pertinent, but they are mainly from derived from a "core" of sites

WebBandit 3.60



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WebBandit 3.60

Description

- A bunch of possibilities
 - multisearch
 - download
 - indexing
 - extractor
- Exporting options: html; MS Access

- The worst of the series according to the results: high level of noise and not-valid sites
- The records are very rich with a good number of "fields", but there are better search agents and indexers

Conclusions and recomendations

- Many of the search engines and recovery tools are not suitable to make samples of web resources for quantitative analysis
- The increasing size of the web and its hypertextual nature offer opportunities for a novel approach
- A new generation of recovering tools involving tracing hypertext links from selected sites are very promising
 - Offering capabilities to automate tasks
 - Extracting large samples of high pertinence
 - Ready to use in standard database formats
 - Selecting additional resources by indirect recovery via hypertext links